Taba talks to be held in Beersheba

ISMAILIA, Egypt (R) — Egypt and Israel have agreed to hold their third round of talks on their Sinai frontier dispute next week in the Israeli town of Beersheba. The two countries are divided over a 700-metre coastal strip in the area of Taba south of the Israeli port of Eilat. Rear-Adm. Mohsen Hamdi, head of the Egyptian delegation at the talks, told reporters the two countries also agreed to ask the Multinational Force and Observers (MFO) to continue the deployment of some of its forces in the area pending a final settlement. Adm. Hamdi's comments came at the end of two days of negotiations here during which four sessions of talks were beld.



Nairobi meetings support Argentina

NAIROBI (R) — Latin American and Non-Aligned countries at a United Nations meeting here Tuesday expressed support for Argentina's claim of sovereignty over the disputed Falkland Islands. In separate statements the Latin American and Caribbean groups and non-aligned countries attending a U.N. Environment Programme (UNEP) meeting called for a peaceful solution to the conflict. The Latin American group called on Argentina and Britain to refrain from any action that could disrupt negotiations for a peaceful settlement and "reaffirmed its support for the Argentine rights of sovereignty on the Malvinas (Falkland) Islands." The coordinating bureau of the Non-Aligned Movement said that the use or threat of force in international relations was contrary to the movement's principles

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Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi 'Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

raqis attack Al Mohammarah ranian positions

EIRUT (R) — Iraq said Tues-y its forces bad attacked Iranian sitions north of Al Mohammarah (horramshahr) on the disputed hatt Al Arah waterway. A mility communique, quoted by the licial Iraqi News Agency INA, id the Iraqis killed at least 112 anians and that their air force pred direct hits on Iranian mour. Iraqi warplanes also ttacked the Iranian outpost of hahabi west of the Khuzestan rovincial capital of Ahwaz and not down an Iranian fighter, the ommunique said. The comrunique put Iraqi losses for the ast 24 hours at 14 men killed and vo tanks wrecked.

Lambia, Bahrain rge end to war

AHRAIN (R) - Zambian Preslent Kenneth Kaunda and the mir of Bahrain, Sheikh Issa Ibn alman Al Khalifa, called for a peedy end to the Iran-Iraq war uring talks here Tuesday, offiials in Bahrain said. The talks, eld after Dr. Kaunda arrived at it thinks end of a three-nation Gulf iur, also covered hilateral rela-tions and the situation in the Midle East and Southern Africa, they aid. The two leaders shared idencal views and agreed that the alestinian people should be given he right to self-determination and o establish an independent state, he officials said, Dr. Kaunda and heikh Issa also-agreed that South Mrican-ruled Namibia should be iven independence, they added.

JAE condemns ferusalem meeting

ABU DHABI (R) — The United trab Emirates (UAE) has conemned a meeting in occupied erusalem of the Council of urope's political committee as a hallenge to Arab and Muslim celings. A senior Foreign Minisry official told the Belgian ambasador that the UAE considered he meeting, which started Tuesay, "as a support for the Zionist nemy's decision to regard erusalem as its capital and for srael's expansionist policy," ccording to the official Emirates ews agency. It quoted the official s saying that the ambassador was aformed of the UAE position ecause Belgium chaired the 0-member European Economic community. The Council of Europe, which is based in Straslourg, has 21 members.

Abu Ghazala

in Sudan

HATROUM (R) — Egyptian Defence Minister Abdul Halim Abu Ghazala arrived Tuesday on surprise visit to Sudan, official ources said. The sources said Field-Marshal Abu Ghazala is due o hold talks with senior Sudanese ifficials but no statement was yet vailable on the nature of the alks. Egypt and Sudan are linked ogether in a joint-defence pact.

Goodrich's claim rom Iran settled

'HE HAGUE (R) — Tyre man-facturer B.F. Goodrich is the first American company to bave a laim against Iran settled from a 1 billion Iranian account held tere, a tribunal judging claims rom the Iranian revolution said uesday. Goodrich will receive 50,000 guilders (\$180,000) from Dutch central bank subsidiary hich holds the account. This is ast over half the amount which joodrich originally claimed from he Kian Tyrc Manufacturing of ran. The Goodrich claim was one f the smallest being considered y the nine-man tribunal, set up nucr the 1981 Algiers agreement hich led to the release of hosiges held in U.S. embassy in ehran and the onfreezing of Iraian assets in the United States.

tev. Moon convicted

EW YORK (R) — A jury has amd the Rev. Sun Myung Moon, nunder of the controversial mification Church, guilty of a mapiracy to evade U.S. taxes. be Korean-born sect leader was und guilty of failure to pay tax 1 interest earned by \$1.5 million posited in his name in U.S. bank counts between 1973 and 1975.

Hassan meets U.N. chief

NEW YORK (Petra) — His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan met with United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar at his office in New York Tuesday morning. They discussed the developments involving the Middle East issue and the U.N. concern about exploring ways to tackle the issue.

Prince Hassan also reviewed with Mr. Perez de Cuellar the Jordanian and Arab views on the conditions in the area in general and the conditions of the residents of the Israeli occupied Arah territories in particular.
Prince Hassan also met on

Tuesday with the U.S. permanent U.N. delegate Jean Kirkpatrick at the residence of Jordan's Permanent U.N. Representative Hazem Nuseibah and discussed the situation in the Middle East in general and the recent developments in the area.



HONOURING JORDAN'S POLICEWO-MEN: Her Majesty Queen Noor salutes policewomen graduates during a ceremony held Tuesday at the Princess Basma Institute for Policewomen. The Queen is flanked by . Minister of the Interior Ahmad Obeidat (left) and Public Security Director Lt-Gen. Mohammad Idris (Story and other photo on

ILO criticises

general of the International Labour Organisation (ILO) has disclosed that the conditions of Arab workers in the Israeli occupied Arab territories are worsening and that there is a continuous stagnation in the level of employment and a drop in the ratio of agriculture workers there. This was contained in a report

which the ILO director general will submit to the international labour conference to be held in Geneva early next month.

The report indicates, based on struction of the Israeli settlements report said this policy obstructs Arab workers.

AMMAN (Petra) - The director the goals of development and creates many difficulties.

The report also discusses the dispute over the water sources resulting from the measures applied by the Israeli occupation authorities. The quantity of water the Arah residents could use totals 105 million cubic metres, which is less than one sixth of the total quantity of water in the area, the report said.

The report, based on the findings of the United Nations mission, pointed out that the trade union movement in the occupied Arah territories is under pressure information gathered by a United and not developing and has a Nations mission which visited the limited ability to defend the interarea towards the end of 1981, the ests of workers in the occupied negative impact of the con-territories. It said the Israeli authorities are misusing the health on the agricultural lands in the insurance and social security occupied Arab territories. The deductions from the wages of

Former Income Tax employees sentenced on bribery charges

By Suzanne Zu'mut-Black Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Sentences have been passed on former Income Tax Department employees for soliciting and accepting bribes, on husinessmen for offering hribes and on auditors and lawyers for acting as middlemen, while a few were acquitted, the Jordanian News Agency, Petra, reported on Tuesday.

The sentences were approved by the military governor, who is Prime Minister Mudar Badran. Jordan has been under martial law since 1967.

Out of 180 defendants, 40 were convicted of soliciting and accepting bribes with sentences of up to

10 years at hard labour and a fine of JD 39,000. Four were acquitted from this charge.

While six businessmen were acquitted, 123 were convicted of offering bribes but no sentences were passed against them.

Eleven other defendants were convicted of acting as middlemen to brihe ploiic employees but no sentences were passed against them. Five others who were convicted of offering hribes and acting as middlemen were sentenced to one-and-a-half year impris-

The ease against the defendants was opened eight months ago by the military prosecutor and trials took place at a military court in

onment and a fine of JD 25 each.

Britain, Argentina appear gearing for war as U.N. suspends mediation talks

UNITED NATIONS (R) - Argentina and Britain appeared to be preparing for war Tuesday as Falklands peace talks were suddenly suspended at the

Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar gave Argentina 24 hours to respond to what he described as Britain's "elose to a final position" in the dispute over the South Atlantic island colony

occupied by Argentine forces on April 2.

The U.N. chief told reporters he hoped to know by Thursday wbether a peaceful solution had been achieved in his separate talks with British and Argentine envoys which have been going on for the

Pessimism prevailed in both London and Buenos

British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher accused Argentina of trying to spin out the U.N. negotiations and told parliament that military action to retake the Falklands could not be beld up indefinitely. "We cannot go on prevaricating," she

Argentine Foreign Minister Nicanor Costa Mendez emerged from a meeting with top policymakers saying: "The British attitude is harder each

Argentine air force ready to attack

Argentine newspapers voiced little hope for a peaceful outcome, Brig,-Gen, Basilio Lami Dozo, the air force chief, said his fighter-bombers were ready to launch a mass attack on the British task force around the Falklands.

And the military governor of the islands, Gen. Mario Benjamin Menendez, said in a radio interview that the air force could hit the British fleet whenever it chose. In London, the Defence Ministry said a Sea King

belicopter with the task force ditched off the Falklands early Tuesday but its crew were rescued unhurt and the incident was not caused by Argentine forces. At the same time, sterling fell to its lowest level

for two weeks on London financial markets worried that a British invasion might be imminent. In Luxembourg, Britain's 14 allies in the Atlantic

pact condemned Argentina's seizure of the Falklands and called for a political settlement. The British community in Argentina meanwhile

announced that it had urged both governments to declare an interim ceasefire that would allow a neutral ship to evacuate all children from the

The community council sent telegrams to Mrs. Thatcher and Argentine President Leopoldo Gal-

A council spokesman said there were about 300 children in the Falklands which had a population of 1,800, mostly sheep farmers of British descent, before Argentina seized the islands on April 2.

Argentina's amhassador to the United Nations, Eduardo Roca, declined to say whether be was pessimistic or optimistic about the U.N. talks. "It is a question of securing a cessation of hostilities to allow talks without the pressure that the

British government is trying to impose," he told a Buenos Aires radio station from New York. 'This means that the parties should stop hostilities, withdraw their troops and fill the vacuum of

administration (in the Falklands)," be said. **NATO** rallies behind Britain

LUXEMBOURG (R) - North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) foreign ministers have reaffirmed full support for Britain in its dispute with Argentina over the Falkland Islands.

NATO Secretary-General Joseph Luns told a press conference at the end of a meeting here Tuesday that the ministers condemned what he called Argentina's aggression against Britain.
"The ministers did unanimously condemn

Argentinian aggression against the United Kingdom and continued to give their full support to the United Kingdom in its reaction, on the basis of Resolution 502 of the United Nations," Mr. Luns

Dr. Luns said that when Britain sent a strong naval force with paratroops and infantry to the South Atlantic the allies expected Britain to use it if no acceptable agreement could be found.

"The United Kingdom could bave taken far stronger action if it had wanted to. The restraint it has shown was to induce Argentina to accept a solution," be said.

"I have not heard one word of criticism to the U.K. for actions so far undertaken."

In reply to a question, he said the issue of military and not been discussed in Luxembourg. He did not feel that London needed such He did not expect allied support to fail if London

had to take stronger action in the dispute.

U.K. confirms 2 choppers lost; attempts made to save Pope's visit; page 8

Syrian pipeline closure

BAHRAIN (R) - Iraq has complained to the judicial board of the Organisation of Arab Petroleum Exporting Countries (OAPEC) against Syria for its violation of a pipeline transit agreement, the Middle East Economic Survey reported.

The Nicosia-based oil industry journal said the board of nine judges held brief, preliminary meetings in Kuwait, OAPEC head-quarters, on May 5 and 6 and informed both Iraq and Syria of the initiation of proceedings.

Syria, which backs Iran in its war with Iraq, closed the pipeline on April 10. It carries Iraqi oil across Syria to Mediterranean export terminals at Banias, in Syria, and Tripoli, in Lebanon.

Syria, which also has ideological differences with Iraq, bas elaimed the action was not political hat stemmed from a renewed dispute over The pipeline has a maximum capacity of 1.4 million harrels per

day, but according to the journal, the flow at the time of the elosure was about 400,000 to 500,000 bpd. It is the first case before the newly-created judicial board which,

under its statutes, has optional jurisdiction. If the disputing parties accept the jurisdiction the board's judgments are considered binding and enforceable without further adjudication.

Iraq complains against | Steadfastness front meeting mooted | OIC: Isolate Zaire

DAMASCUS (R) — Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat Tuesday discussed holding a meeting of the Steadfastness and Confrontation Front of bardline Arabs. Syrian officials said.

They said the four-hour meeting covered attempts to bring the aggressive Camp David conspiracy nearer to the Arab Nation," a reference to moves by some Arah states to improve relations with Egypt despite the Camp David accord Cairo signed with Israel, now that Israel has banded over the last strip of Egyptian territory occupied in 1967.

Mr. Assad and Libya's leader. Col. Muammar Qadhafi, have called for the front to hold a summit as part of a campaign to stop Egypt returning to the Arab fold unless it first renounced its treaty with Syria said this week that foreign ministers of the

front-Syria, Libya, Algeria, the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and South Yemen-would meet in Algiers before the end of The Syrian officials said Mr. Assad and Mr. .

Arafat discussed Lebanon, where tension has been high in recent weeks with two Israeli air attacks on Palestinian refugee camps.

A Palestinian official said on Monday that Syria had moved a brigade of troops into the southern part of Lehanon's Bekaa Valley to reinforce its positions there.

The meeting was also attended by Syrian Foreign Minister Abdul Halim Khaddam and Farouk Kaddoumi, head of the PLO's Political Department.

Kuwait: Arab summit should discuss Egypt

KUWAIT (R) - Kuwait has said only an Arab summit meeting could decide whether Egypt should return to the Arab fold from which it was excluded for signing the 1979 Camp David treaty with Israel.

reporters bis country still rejected Egypt's Middle East policy which is linked to the U.S.-sponsored

accords. The Kuwaiti minister said if Arab countries saw that Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak's policy was different from that of his predecessor, the late

Egypt to return to the Arab World. But Kuwait still rejects the policy initiated. under Sadat's rule," he said.

Anwar Sadat, then they might decide to allow

Andreas Papandreou.

the island's communities.

including cutting diplomatic, economic and all other relations, Defence Minister Sheikh Salem Al Sabah told against both Zaire and Costa Rica, Mr. Chatti told Reuters by tele-

> ones against all the Arabs and Muslims and should be countered with similar action," be said.

Zaire became on Friday the first African country to break a diplomatic boycott imposed on Israel

for resuming relations with Israel.

and with Costa Rica for moving its

embassy in Israel to occupied

The 43-member OIC, which is

based in Saudi Arabia, Monday

sent messages to its members ask-

ing them to take severe measures.

"Their moves are aggressive

Jerusalem.

phone.

BAHRAIN (R) — Secretaryby almost all members of the general of the Organisation of Organisation of African Unity Islamic Conference (OIC) Habib (OAU) after the 1973 Middle Chatti has called on Muslim coun-East war. tries to sever relations with Zaire

Costa Rica informed Israel last week it had decided to return its emhassy to occupied Jerusalem after moving it to Tel Aviv in 19g0.

Mr. Chatti said the OIC would ask its members to sever all ties with any country that set up its emhassy in occupied Jerusalem.

Kuwait's parliament also called on the government and all other Arab and Muslim states to sever ties with Zaire.

The parliament said in a statement that Zaire's decision, was hostile and irrational.

The parliamentary statement also recommended that all ties and forms of aid should be cut from any other country that followed Zaire's example.

Polisario row breaks up OAU conference on food

ADDIS ABABA (R) - A meet- the actual talks, but Mr. Mouline ing of Organisation of African Unity (OAU) ministers on Africa's food problems was adjourned indefinitely Tuesday because of what Morocco called a continuing row over the admission

of Polisario guerrillas. The talks were to have started Sunday but only 13 member states showed up, half the number required for a quorum.

OAU Assistant Secretary-General N. Djoudi of Algeria said many member states had failed to attend "for various reasons" but did not elaborate.

Morocco's amhassador to Sudan, Abdul Latif Mouline, said the real reason for their failure to' attend was the controversial admission to the OAU in February of the Polisario Front, which is fighting Moroccan control of the Western Sahara.

No delegate from the Polisario's self-styled Saharan Arab Demoeratic Republic (SADR) attended said the "the very presence of the SADR name-plate in the conference half' made it impossible for Rabat to attend.

The OAU bas been almost paralysed since the SADR was admitted at ministerial talks here in February.

The February meeting and two subsequent ministerial sessions were disrupted by boycotts, either in protest at the Polisario's presence or at its exclusion from the

Kenyan President Daniel arap Moi, the eurrent OAU chairman, said last month that the organisation was drifting apart and threatened by the worst crisis in its 19-year history.

The three days here were to have been used to discuss chronic food problems facing Africa, where per capita production has dropped sharply in the last 20

King Hassan off to U.S. RABAT (R) - King Hassan Hof about half way between the

Morocco left Tuesday for a three-day official visit to Washington where he will confer with President Ronald Reagan on Wed-

His trip comes after U.S. pledges of increased political, economic and military aid for Morocco made during visits to Rabat by high-ranking officials, including Secretary of State Alexander Haig and Defence Secretary

Caspar Weinberger. The king's programme includes lunch with President Reagan on Wednesday and talks on Thursday with Mr. Haig and Mr. Wein-

The talks are expected to cover increased U.S. military aid to help Morocco combat guerrillas who are fighting for the independence of the Western Sahara administered by Rabar.

American officials consider the visit Significant because nonaligned Morocco is of strategic importance, situated at the westem end of the Mediterranean and

United States and the Middle

Mr. Haig said during a visit to Rabat in February that the U.S. was seeking transit facilities in Morocco for its Rapid Deploy-

ment Force in an emergency. It was later announced that the Reagan administration proposed increased military aid from the present \$30 million to \$100 million in the financial year 1983.

U.K. visit put off

King Hassan's planned visit to London this week has been postponed indefinitely because of the Falklands crisis, diplomatic sources said.

The king was due to go to London from May 25 to 27 on his way home after visiting the United States. He was scheduled to be meet Queen Elizabeth and to confer with Prime Minister Margaret

Ulusu postpones Cyprus visit

ANKARA (R) - Turkish Prime Minister Bulend Ulusu has postponed a visit to the Turkisb-held side of Cyprus due to start on Thursday for "reasons of bealth", his office said.

Mr. Ulusu, but diplomatic sources said they understood he was taken to hospital after suffering an attack of intestinal pains Monday night. He was likely to undergo an operation, they added. Mr. Ulusu planned to spend three days on the island, the first visit

An official statement gave no indication of what was wrong with

there by a Turkish prime minister since part of it was occupied by The trip was widely regarded in Ankara as a direct response to a visit to the Greek side of Cyprus in March by Greek Prime Minister

Turkish officials say Mr. Papandreou's visit, which delighted Greek-Cypriots but dismayed the Turkish-Cypriot minority, broke an understanding that senior ministers from Athens and Ankara should not go the island.

The diplomatic sources dismissed rumours in Ankara that the prime minister bad called off the trip following pressure to do so from U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig when the two met in Ankara

last week.

They had discussed the visit and the secretary of state in no way expressed disapproval of it, the sources said.

The prime minister's office said Mr. Ulusu had apologised to Turkish-Cypriot leader Rauf Denktash in a telegram and said he would make the visit at a later, unspecified date. Turkish troops have occupied the northern sector of Cyprus since

July 1974, when they were sent in after fighting broke out between

Mugabe in London

LONDON (R) — Zimbabwe Prime Minister Robert Mugahe arrived Tuesday on his first official visit to Britain since his countr. gained independence from Britain two years ago.

He and Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher will hold substantive talks on Wednesday, British officials said.

The three-day visit to Britain is the first leg of an 18-day tour to seven European countries. Mr. Mugabe will also go to West Germany, France, Italy, Belgium, Greece and the Netherlands The trip is viewed by diplomats

as his most important visit to the industrialised world since he was elected the first prime minister of the breakway colony, formerly They said Mr. Mugabe was keen

to attract more government and private investment to promote development in his nation of seven million and stimulate the есополу.

FEATURES

U.S. Interstate Highway System: History's biggest public works feat

And most importantly, says

problems, Interstate

DOT, in these days of continuing

freeways save gas by eliminating

much stop-and-go driving. The

need for such a system was first

described by the federal Bureau of

Public Roads | predecessor organ-

isation to the Federal Highway

Administration) in a report to

Congress in 1939 and was further

justified in later studies. Acting on

these recommendations, Congress

in 1944 directed the designation

of the interstate system. But it was

not until 1956 that the con-

struction was launched full scale,

after Congress provided for pay-

as-you-go financing through creation of the Highway Trust Fund.

into which are funnelled several

highway user taxes, such as the

four cents per gallon (3.8 litres)

federal gasoline tax. Because of

the necessity of continuity in such

a massive public works under-

taking, Congress provided that the

federal government would pay 90

per cent of the costs of the inter-

state system, with the states put-

ting up 10 per cent matching

Most linked

system is linking more than 90 per

cent of the cities that have popu-

lations of 50,000 or more, as well

as many smaller cities and towns.

It serves well over half the urban

and almost half the rural popu-

lation of the country. Comprising

little more than one per cent of the

nation's total road and street

mileage, it carries 20 per cent of all

are planned to accommodate the

traffic anticipated for 20 years

beyond their design period.

Traffic interchanges provide fre-

quent and safe access, and over-

passes and underpasses eliminate

all highway and railroad grade

commercial facilities within the

Interstate right-of-way, but

information signs advise motorists

when they approach connecting

Federal law does not permit

crossings on the system.

Says DOT, interstate projects

the nation's traffic.

Crisscrossing the nation, the

The U.S. Interstate Highway System, now observing its 25th anniversary, is more than 94 per cent complete, with over 40,000 miles in use. Construction of the remaining 2,500 miles is scheduled to be completed by 1990 -accomplishing what the U.S. Department of Transportation says is the largest public works project in history.

WHEN the final mile of the United States' 42,500-mile (68,410)-kilometre) Interstate Highway System is constructed. by 1990, the largest public works project in history will have been completed, the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) has

Right now the interstate system--which is celebrating its 25th anniversary -- is more than 94 per cent complete, with over 40,000 miles (64,400 kilometres) in use. It is already possible for motorists to travel nonstop (evcept for fuel, food and lodging) on route 1-5 from the Canadian horder to the Mexican border through Washington. Oregon and California, on 1-75 from Sault Ste. Anrie, Michigan, to Tampa, Florida, and on 1-80 from New York to San Francisco except for relatively small section in Nevada and Utah.

The interstate system connects almost all of the nation's metropolitan areas. There are no stop lights anywhere on the system. and there are no crossing at grade. All necess is controlled, and in all cases the freeways are a minimum of four lines, divided. Wherever possible, the opposing lanes of refrie are separated by wide medians.

DOT points out that the interstate system, in addition to dramatically cutting travel time throughout the nation, provides other benefits. Travel is safer and less stressful. Reduced travel times benefit both work and leisure activities. The interstate toutes serve to draw diverse parts of the country logether. 🛫

Take Interstate 80, for instance. It connects the nation's two most populous states -- California and New York--and in between it passes through a kaleidoscopic cross-section of Americana: Nevada, Utali, Wyoming, Nehraska, lowa, Illinois, Indiana. Ohio, Pennsylvania and New Jersey. In all of these states. motorists are travelling on the same highway -- I-80 -- but are viewing vasily different parts of the country.

roads leading to nearby gas stations, restaurants and motels.

Safe system

The safety features of the interstate system have already saved many thousands of lives since the programme was launched, and will continue to save thousands of lives annually that would be lost on other, more hazardous roads. Travel on the interstate is more than twice as safe as on other roads. DOT reports. There is more comfort and less strain in driving. Deliveries are faster and trucking operations more efficient. Farm products are shipped more quickly and with less loss in spoilage and quality.

There has been dramatic economic growth and development of business along some segments the interstate system. Traffic from businesses, industries and homes that locate for easy access to the system, enters the main stream only at interchanges, helping to prevent slowdowns or congestion.

Crossing lines

Building the interstate is a complicated business, state, county and city jurisdictions are crossed. and all of these governments, as well as the federal government, are concerned with the route locations and their effects. About 85 per cent of the system has been built on new locations. Alignment of the remainder has varied. In some cases an existing road or freeway was used for one direction the interstate and another roadway was built alongside to form a divided highway. In other cases, only control of access or new interchanges were needed. Also, several toll roads that met interstate standards were incorporated into the system.

Standards for the System. planned jointly by the states and the Federal Highway Administration, incorporate the latest design features proven to contribute to safe and tension-free driving, to economy of vehicle operations, and to a pleasing appearance. Sweeping curves, easy grades, and long sight distances facilitate safe driving at design speed (70 miles per hour--112 kilometres per hour). Actual speed regulation, as on all highways, is currently subject to the national 55 miles per hour (88 kilometres per hour) speed limit.

Careful design

Each traffic lane is 12 feet (3.6 metres) wide. Median areas between roadways of the divided highway are generally at least 36 feet (11 metres) wide, with lesser

widths being used where necessary in mountainous and urban locations. The right-of-way width allows for medians and shoulders as well as pavements. Design accommodates the natural terrain whenever possible: for example, placing two roadways on opposite sides of a stream or at different levels on a hillside. Free-flowing design with variable-width medians often saves money and, at the same time, avoids the monotony that can lead to inattentive and dangerous driving.

In addition, DOT explains that protecting the environment has been emphasised in planning and building the interstate system. Highway officials bave rerouted roads in order to spare parkland. historic structures, wildlife preserves and the like; they have cooperated with archaeologists in uncovering artifacts-including two bistoric but long lost forts from America's formative years; they moved the proposed location of 1-75 in Florida to avoid disturbing a nest of rare bald eagles: they built equestrian overpasses complete with artificial turf in Kentucky and New York to avoid disrupting existing bridle paths: they converted borrow pits into lakes, ponds and wildlife refuges: they designed depressed interstate freeways to minimise highway impacts in crowded urban areas; they huilt landscaped rest areas along interstate routes; and they created new "miniparks" on interstate rights-of-way in city neighbourboods that never enjoyed a park before.

While these examples are a somewhat unusual, highway officials regularly design and build interstate routes so as to assist in controlling erosion of the land, to blend with the countryside, and to further enhance all of the many environmental goals of the nation.

Humane considerations

Humane considerations also have received much emphasis in the interstate programme, says DOT. Take, for example, the relocation of people and businesses for a highway project. When necessary, the interstate programme provides equitable treatment for those persons and businesses who must relocate. Under existing law, highway officials can authorise up to \$15,000 in payments over and above the fair market value of the property so that the owners can obtain comparable, decent, safe and sanitary replacement housing. Benefits are also provided to apartment dwellers and other renters who must move, and as a result of these payments some people have been able to make the down payment on a house for the first time in their lives.

In addition to making payments to dislocated residents, highway funds are used to construct new housing when the supply of comparable housing that meets prescribed standards is insufficient to provide for those who are dis-



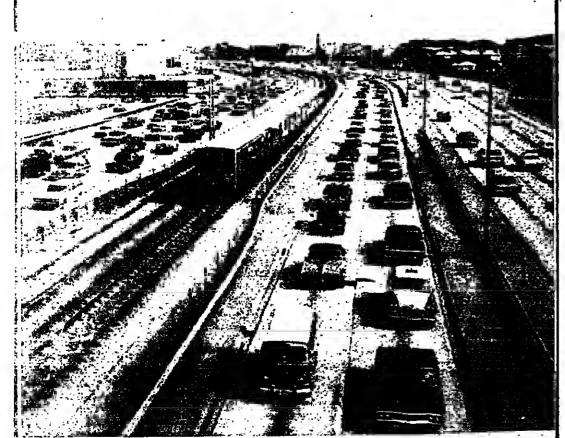
AN INTERSTATE HIGHWAY INTERCHANGE - As indicated by this photograph in the outskirts of Dallas, Texas, interstate highways are designed to let vehicles enter and leave safely, without traffic signals. Crossroads are carried over or under the interstate routes. Photo from Press & Publications Service.

Says the Department of Trans- has been, and is, an undertaking in portation: "The interstate system which the American people can

justifiably take pride—and one handsome dividends for many which will be returning them decades to come."

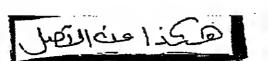
EXPRESS BUSES whiz along exclusive bus lanes on Interstate Highway I-95 connecting Washington, D.C., with northern Virginia suburbs, while city-bound automobiles move more

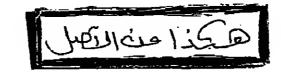
slowly. Nearly 9,000 passengers ride the 190 buses operating daily on this main thoroughfure. Photo from IPS.



RAPID TRANSIT combines with a multi-lane automobile highway in Chicago's northwest side. The Kennedy Expressway contains two tracks for air-conditioned transit cars, which

are shown moving toward a subway portal to go underground for the rest of their city-bound journey. Photo from IPS.







Lar Majesty Queen Noor hands certificates to the graduating policewomen. Behind the Queen is Security Director Lt.-Gen. Mohammad Idris Petra photo

Queen attends policewomen graduation

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Majesty Queen Noor patronised on Tuesday morning the graduation ceremony of the 15th policewomen class at the Princess Basma Institute for Policewomen.

Queen Noor was received at the that by Interior Minister United Obeidat, Public Security Lt.-Gen. Mohammad and his assistants, and a number of high-ranking public security officers.

The director of the institute made a speech expressing the institute's pride and that of the graduates for Queen's patronage of the graduation ceremony and her constant care for the institute to enable it to perform its mission in serving the country and the citizens. The Queen then handed the certificates and awards to the graduates, who were sworn in.

Queen Noor then saw physical exercises by the graduates, and

praised the high standard of the Jordanian woman and the progress she has achieved in the varinus fields, particularly police service. She also praised women for the role they played in the Jordanian development plans. The four-month course in which

22 girls participated included theoritical and applied lessons in police, legal and administrative sciences by qualified teachers. It -also included military and physical exercises training.



Military attaches visit army workshops

AMMAN (Petra) - Several military attaches accredited in Appropriated on Tuesday the Prince Paisal workshops where they were briefed by the comminder of the workshops on the

workshops. They also toured sevcral sections of the workshops and were acquainted with the progress of work in them.

The military attaches also vis-

activities and achievements of the ited a special forces unit and heard a briefing from its commander on its duties and responsibilities. They also saw several practical exercises carried out by the men of the unit.



brake by Jamine Saaf

famine Saaf's exhibition opens at Alia Gallery

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

MMAN - The creed of the proponents of art nouveau, erge as they did from the remasingly industrialised of the 1890's which were all steeped in Victorian clauswas a return to "craftswe aims along with their love of sensoous, flowing line turning id bending back on itself, are the nes that also epitomise the work of the Dutch artist Jamine Soaf who is having her first exhibition in Amman at the Alia Gallery this

Trained in textile design, the

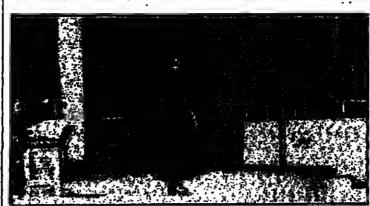
artist's work falls into two main styles-small geometrical abstracts and large more decorative floral designs, which are highly reminiscent of early Liberty prints and the wallpaper and tex-tile designs of William Morris and Charles Voysey. And like these two, it is Saaf sconsistently careful and fastidious craftsmanship along with her muted harmonious colours that unify the collection. Working in mixed media of pen and ink and aquarelles. Saaf draws out her designs, then builds up the layers of magenta and pinks, the indigo blues and purples, to achieve depth transparency and subtle variations in tone and

It is Saaf's smaller abstracts however, with their bolder colours and gentle grids that are the stronger of the two styles. The floral designs with their calm subdued colours and graceful organic lines whose underlying feminity should be emphasised more fully are very attractive and would no doubt successfully enhance and blend with many a salon. But it is because of this ability to fit so snugly in their surroundings that they are neither as stimulating nor inspiring as the artist's smaller abstracts, lacking as they do a certain vitality, punch and originality. The prices range from JD 50 to JD 175. The exhibition runs until Wednesday May 26.

King, Queen attend concert by Pearl Bailey for aid of disabled

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein and Her Majesty Queen Noor attended on Monday evening the concert by singer Pearl Bailey for the henefit of the Jordanian Sports Association for

King Hussein made a contribution of JD 10,000 for the benefit of the association. The show was attended by Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi, Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid, Culture and Youth Minister Ma'an Ahu Nowar, Social Development Minister In am Al Mufti, the U.S. Charge d'Affaires in Amman, members of the diplomatic corps in Amman and many disabled persons.



Pearl Bailey in concert for the aid of the Jordanian Sports Association for the Handicapped Petra photo

Agriculture seminar continues

AMMAN (Petra) - The seminar on the cultivation of rain-fed crops in Jordan continued its meetings at the University of Jordan Faculty of Agriculture on Tuesday.

During the morning session, participants discussed seven working papers dealing with potassium content in Jordan soil, the use of fertilisers in the cultivation of wheat and barley, the effect of the use of potasium and sulphur-based fertilisers on wheat harvest, obstacles standing in the way of nitrogen fertilisers, the activities of specialised Arah centres on the cultivation of wheat, and the activities of the joint Jordanian-Australian project for the cultivation of fodder in dry

During the evening session, the participants discussed five working papers dealing with the quantities of rainfall and impact on the production of field crops in Jordan, the storage and consumption of rainfall in northern Jordan, and future aspirations for the hetter use

The seminar is expected to conclude its meetings on Wednesday evening when it will hold a final session during which participants will have an open discussion to define the problems of rain-fed agriculture and to draw up a visualisation for the solutions.

Yarmouk University president approves medical school plans

IRBID (Petra) - Yarmouk University President Adnan Badran bas said that the designs and plans for the medical sciences school and the university hospital have been approved.

Dr. Badran returned to Amman on Monday from Tokyo where he met with officials of Japanese companies in charge of drawing up the designs of the school and the hospital. He said the designs will be completed in October and then a tender will be announced for the construction of the school and hospital.

Dr. Badran said he discussed the designs of the huildings which will be constructed at the main site expected to be completed within next

Dr. Badran left for Tokyo at the head of a specialised delegation to see the progress of the designs of the huildings being prepared by a group of Japanese companies.

Construction Code seminar continues

AMMAN (Petra) - Participants in the seminar on the Jordanian Construction Code discussed on Tuesday three working papers by the president of the Jordanian Contractors Union and the manager of a British contracting company.

The British working paper reviewed the social, geological and climatic factors which affect building specifications and the construction codes in the Middle East. Amman Municipality Research Department Director Ghassan Ghanim discussed the extent of the impact of the building laws and organisational designs of Amman on the works of design, building and investment.

Representatives of Bahrain and Kuwait also made presentations on the building specifications in the two countries and the difficulties standing in the way of their implementation. The seminar, which is being organised by the Royal Scientific Society (RSS) in cooperation with the European Economic Community (EEC) mission in Amman, is expected to conclude its meetings on Wednesday.

On Tuesday afternoon participants in the seminar visited the Yarmouk University. There they met the Engineering Faculty Dean and Vice President for Engineering Affairs Ali Navfeh, who presented to them an account of the university's development, teaching system, future plans and its role in serving the development process in the

King condoles foreign minister

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein visited on Tuesday evening the residence of Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasem to convey his condolences on the death of Mr. Qasem's mother. Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid deputised for King Hus-

sein at the funeral of the late Mrs. Khairyeh Sidqi Al Qasem on Monday.

Today's weather

The weather will be fine with some low clouds appearing. Temperature will continue to be below its normal average. Winds will be northwesterly moderate freshening at times. In Aqaba, fair weather with northerly moderate winds and calm seas.

	Overnight low	Daytime hi
Amman	12	22
Agaba	20	30
Deserts	18	28
Jordan Valley	17	27

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 22, Agaba 30. Humidity readings: Amman 47 per cent, Aqaba 44 per cent.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

- * Paintings by Mrs. Janine Saaf at the Alia Art Gallery.
- · Paintings by Basem S. Jawad, at the Holiday Inn.

Video

* La Nouvelle Presse et la Sensibilité des Annes 80 (5 p.m.) and Les Faucheurs de Marguerites (3rd part: 6 p.m.) at the French Cultural



The Inint Inrdanian-Oatari Information Committee in session on Tuesday

Jordan, Qatar discuss further cooperation in information

AMMAN (Petra) --- Information Minister Adnan Abu Odeh received at his office on Tuesday morning the Qatari delegation of the Joint Jordanian-Qatari information Committee, currently holding its meetings in Amman.

During the meeting, they discussed the information cooperation existing between the two countries within the framework of the information agreement concluded between the two countries.

They also discussed the efforts made by the joint committee to follow up and implement the agreement. The meeting was attended by Information Under-Secretary Peter Salah. The joint committee held its

first meeting on Tuesday morning at the Information Ministry's con-

ference hall under Mr. Peter Salah. At the beginning of the meeting, Mr. Salah made a speech welcoming the members of the Qatari delegation and praising the information cooperation existing between the two countries. He also emphasised the need to strengthen this cooperation through an executive working programme.

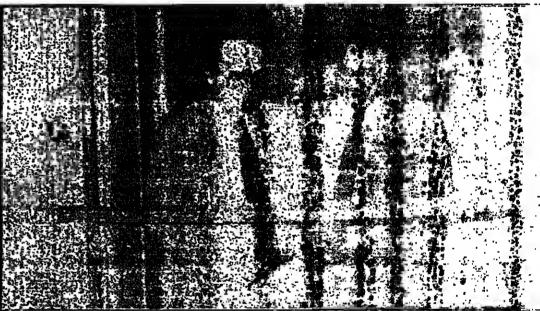
During its meetings, the committee reviewed the achievements accomplished since the conclusion of the information agreement signed between the two countries in Amman on Sept. 10, 1981.

They also discussed ways to implement the provisions of the agreement, particularly in the field of drawing up the practical steps to fulfill the information

needs of the two countries as far as the exchange of expertise, information and television proc-

rammes is concerned. The Jordanian side in the rowmittee includes Mr. Peter Salah. Jordan Television Programme Director Marwan Kheir, Radio Jordan Engineering Director Usamah Asfourait, and Head of the Information Ministry International Agreements Department Youset Snatio Osman.

The Qarari side includes Directtor General and Chief Editor ... the Qatari News Agency Ali Solici Al Kawari, Controller of the Caneral Programme at the Qui-Television Mohammad Jasim - .: All, and the Head of Information Ministry's Press and Publica: Department Nusser Rashing ...



At the opening of the import office at Zarqa today are Industry and Trade Under Secretary Mnham-

are Zarga Governor Salent Al Quelch, and Zut go Chamber of Commerce Chairman Ibrahim Taliy-

mad Al Horani (cutting the ribbon) and behind him uidin (in the hack) Petra paoto Import office opens in Zarga Tuesday

ZAROA (Petra) - Industry and Trade Under-Secretary Mohammad Saleh Al Horani said that there has been a tangible progress in the Jordanian economy in the recent years shown by the increase in the volume of exports and imports, expansion of hanking operations and the commercial activities of the public and private

sectors. Mr. Horani, who was speaking at the opening of an import office at the government departments complex in Zarqa on Tuesday, said that imports are being doubled every year as a result of the increasing consumption, the free enterprise nature of the Jordanian

hility in Jordan. Mr. Horani pointed out the spe-

cial significance of Zarga because of its huge population and the economic activities taking place in it and the consequent growth in all fields, particularly the commercial field. The opening of the office is part of the ministry's plan to render facilities to importers at their own cities and to follow the policy of decentralisation in rendering commercial services as much as possible, he said.

The Zarga office will at the first stages issue import licences and collect due fees on these licences. Later it will register merchants in

economy, and the political sta- the Zarga commercial register.

which is now done in America. There are well over 40 plants and factories in Zarga in addition: to the enormous manpower and industrial and commercial activities taking place in it. President of the Zarag

Chamber of Commerce (braining Taqiyaldin also spoke poi ting out that there are in Zarga at present 5.000 merchants compared to 600 in 1959, and the current volume of imports totalled JD 7 million a year compared to levthousand Jordan diners in 1450. He said the Zarga office will save the time and efforts of the Zaroa

Applicants for new phones notified to pay charges

AMMAN (Petra) — Communications Minister Mohammad Addoub Al Zaben called on the citizens whose applications for new telephones in the various parts of Amman have been approved, to pay the due fees in preparation for installing their new telephones.

Mr. Zaben said there are more than 437 new applications which have already been approved, but the applicants did not pay the subscription fees, and they were notified to do so without further

Dr. Zaben said in case the applicants fail to pay the fees, approval of their subscription would be nullitted.

He added that the number of telephones operating throughout the country until the end of 1981 totalled 74,996 telephones, including 40,342 telephones in Amman and its suburbs.

FURNISHED APARTMENT FOR RENT

Ground floor apartment consisting of two main bedrooms. a playing room for children, living room, dining room, salon, kitchen and bathroom. With two entrances.

Location: Jabal Amman, near Qasr Al Hillithm, Sching Sweet Supermarke: Call Ahmad Tel. 66172 from 9 a.m. 43 I p.m.

JOB OPPORTUNITIES

A leading international pharmaceutical company has attractive openings for girls interested in working as:

1. RECEPTIONIST / SECRETARY

Candidates should be experienced in typing, filing and use of telex. Shorthand is an asset. Good command of English is necessary.

2. TELEPHONE OPERATOR

Good English language is a requirement. A good salary and several fringe benefits are offered.

For appointments please call Tel. 69200 or 69201 between 8:30 a.m. - 13:00 p.m. and 15:00 p.m. - 17:30 p.m.

Fuel to the fire

ISRAELI OFFICIALS are going around telling anybody who will listen that they have achieved a major breakthrough in the fact that the political committee of the Council of Europe is holding a two-day conference in occupied Jerusalem. The British chairman of the committee has said publicly that there is no political significance to the Jerusalem venue. In fact, five of the 21 member states of the Council of Europe have declined to take part in the meeting because it is being held in Jerusalem. Nevertheless, Israelis are suggesting that this event is another step in ending Israel's isolation in the international community. We would suggest otherwise.

The more reasonable interpretation of the European meeting's being held in Jerusalem is that it dramatises the psychological confusion and geo-political contradictions that are at the heart of political Zionism. Is Israel supposed to be a Western or a Middle Eastern entity? It is interesting to

remember that Israel is a member of the European basketball league; it participates in the Eurovision song contest; it is a member of the European group of UNESCO. The Israelis, in their present state obviously rejected by the Arabs as a part of the Middle East, find comfort and institutional solace in being part of Europe. Yet they try to convince the West that they are an ancient Middle Eastern nation bringing democratic ideals to the region. There is a terrible contradiction here, and one that is not mollified even by fancy jump shots of Eurobasketballers, the soothing tunes of Eurosingers or the delicate statements of Europarliamentarians. For this, the Europeans should be chided, and the Israelis pitied.

There is no political significance to the European meeting in Jerusalem. There is only more fuel added to the fires of Israel's fundamental identity crisis.

Mitterrand but not his administration By Robert Evans installation of a Socialist administration would bring an immediate

PARIS - Francois Mitterrand moves into the second year of his presidency this month with the French people signalling that while they might elect him again they disapprove of the performance of his left-wing administration.

The paradoxical message is being delivered through opinion polls and surveys marking the first anniversary of his election on May 10 1981 as France's first Socialist bead of state with full executive

The government's low standing across the country has been confirmed in parliamentary byelections and voting for local councils over the past four months and by an upsurge of unrest among sections of the population who voted Socialist last year. But the 65-year-old Mr. Mit-

terrand, confident in the knowledge that he has six years of his term still to run, is insisting that he will press ahead to implement the programme on which he fought and defeated then President Valery Giscard d'Estaing last May.

His election was followed by a groundswell of support for the Socialist party, which over 10 years he had led nut of the political wilderness to the threshold of power, and it captured full control of the national assembly in parliamentary elections six weeks

Political analysts say this year's dramatic decline in public backing seemed due largely to disillusion improvement in their living stan-

In its battle against unemployment, the government has hased its psychological strategy an a campaign to convince the French that they should be ready for individual sacrifices for the overall common good.

But French journalists who have travelled across the provinces in recent weeks to take the public pulse say they have found different sectors of the population angry that their own particular mterests have no) been better served.

Mr. Mitterrand came to the presidency with a pledge to reduce the working week progressively from 40 to 35 hours, suggesting that production levels could be maintained if employers used salary funds thus saved to provide jobs for the unemployed.

Failure to define aims

But when his Prime Minister Pierre Mauroy moved to introduce the first reduction in 39 hours, there was a rash of labour unrest across France as workers struck to ensure that they lost no pay nr privileges associated with the 40-hour week.

The President was compelled to step in to rule that no loss of income should be involved, angering industrialists already hit by earlier increases in minimum wages and social charges and now faced with a cut in output or larger

administration's popularity dive -a frequent failure to define aims which leaves the impression that the full implication of many of its terpart in the United States. measures has not been thought

After one year, the French approve of

through. mind, according to the analysts, have been open disagreements between ministers nn government policies, creating a widespread feeling that there is little cohesion permanent power. in the cabinet team. .

Late last year Finance Minister Jacques Delors, at the front line in seeking no retain at least minimum goodwill among private industrialists for the administration, called for a pause in the rhythm of reforms.

But his remarks raised a storm within the Socialist party itself and the communist-controlled CGT lahour confederation. Mr. 'Mauroy then issued a statement affirming that the government's programme would continue at a

More recently Justice Minister Robert Badinter, architect of the administration's hill abolishing capital punishment, and Interior Minister Gaston Defferre clashed over the extent to which police should hold powers to search nrdinary citizens.

French commentators suggest that in the coming months Mr. Mitterrand himself will have to. display a much higher profile in the public presentation of administration policies and excercise more direct control over the work of the government.

The affair illustrated what anal- fifth republic introduced by Genysts say is a key element in the eral Charles de Gaulle 20 years ago, the French president is invested with powers potentially far wider than those of his coun-

But as an opposition parliamentarian and uosuccessful Linked with this in the public candidate in the presidential elections of 1965 and 1974, Mr. Mitterrand was a consistent critic of the new system which he argued was tailored to keep the right in

> Some aides say that his record on this issue has put constraints on his exercise of supreme authority. He has preferred to assume an overall guiding role leaving Mr. Mauroy and his ministers to formulate day-to-day policy.

Mr. Mitterrand, whose experience in government dates back to 1945 when he was a junior minister in General de Gaulle's first post-war administration, has been projected by his supporters as a quiet force" above the political conflict.

He himself has sought to demonstrate that he is not a Socialist president hut a "president of all the French" seeking to reconcile the interests of most sectors of the population while following the electoral programme on which he fought.

Some French commentators say his continuing personal pull as reflected in the opinion polls is partly due to the fact that he has largely avoided direct involvement in the implementation of policies, except in the sphere of foreign affairs.

In his year in office, be has Under the constitution of the traversed the globe in an effort to.

establish a closer relationship with the United States and Japan and build new links with Third World countries whose economic prog-ress he believes is vital to the health of the West,

But the logic of the modern world, political analysts say, has made it inevitable that his administration's performance is largely judged by its handling of the national economy and particularly the problems of unem-

ployment and inflation. In this sphere, some French commentators have expressed doubts about his competence and suggested that his swiftly implemented programme of nationalisation of key industries and major banks owned more to

ideology than economic necessity.

Mr. Mitterrand's main political achievement for many French and foreign analysts in Paris has been the effective short-term taming of the once powerful Communist party and the CGT.

Severely weakened by electoral setbacks and voter defections to the Socialists during the 1970s and poor showings in last year's presidential and parliamentary balloting, the Communists still had the potential strength to wreck

government strategy.

By offering them four cabinet seats in conditions which left them little choice but to accept, the president harnessed the party which for the three previous years had been the most bitter critic of the socialist reform programme.

But the future of the alliance. political commentators say, clearly depends on the outcome of the fight to cut unemplayment.

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

The winning horse

AL RAI: Arah solidarity is indispensable for building a new Arah stand based on intrinsic Arah strength and capable of confronting the challenges which threaten Arab existence and the future of coming Arah generations.

The call for establishing Arah solidarity naturally acclaims the support of the Arah masses. They believe that Arab differences is the main reason for the catastrophes which hit the Arabs.

Therefore, to unit Arah ranks is a pan-Arah duty that must rise above all sensitivities and meaningless disputes. All Arab efforts must be exploited to end these differences. Israel does not want to see Arah solidarity established and it does its best to prevent it since Arah impotence and disunity is the winning horse on which it places its . wager. Arab disunity is what guarantees Israe's free hand in going ahead with its acts of aggression inside and outside the occupied territories.

It is surprising that some responsible Arah officials doubt this call for solidarity as if the tattered Arab situation must not be changed and must be accepted by all Arabs. However, this march towards united Arab ranks will not be impeded by persons. It will continue and be supported by the Arab masses who look forward to the establishment of a new Arah stand based on Arah solidarity and Arab intrinsic strength.

No change expected

AL DUSTOUR: Contrary to American hints and some peoples hopes, the U.S. stand on the Middle East has not changed positively after the Israeli withdrawal from Sinai. The U.S. stand had become more biased towards Israel turning a blind eye to its acts of aggression in southern Lehanon, the West Bank and Gaza.

Despite Washington's allegation that it prevented Israel from invading southern Lehanon, the recent Israeli raids against the Palestinian resistance and the Palestinian refugee camps as well as the amassing of Israeli troops along the Lebanese border prove that the United States has always been captive to Zionist blackmail and pres-

Washington worked towards the establishment of a ceasefire between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), but it has resorted to silence as concerns Israel's interpretation of the agreement. The United States is also keeping silent on the concept of autonomy although it is a partner in the Camp David agreement. It does not dare voice an opinion on this issue because it fears Israel's fury and anger.

Because of the suspicious U.S. silence it is dif-ficult to believe the news circulating about a new U.S. peace initiative to be declared soon. The peace initiative is said to include suggestions for a temporary autonomy after which the Palestinians would have the right to determine their future and establish their state. If this piece of news were correct, it would be a

positive sign. But we ask: For how long will President Reagan be able to withstand the Zionist blackmail and is he really able to take such an initiative? honest and serious in trying to reach a com-

The answer is in Washington. If the U.S. were prehensive settlement, it must declare this openly even if it would mean ahandoning Camp David. Washington must also define its stand on the Israeli settlements, and acts of aggression as well as recognise the legitimate rights of the Palestinian people.



LETTERS

Towards more development

To the Editor

The issue of development is rather controversial. Many think of development as attaining high rates of growth in the economy. Others reckon that development is the departure from the past as an alternative to traditional society.

Accordingly, people divide countries into less developed and developed, a mistake made by many. Countries ought to be divided into less developed and more developed, since describing a country as developed means it has reached economic utopia, a situation not accessible whatsoever. We therefore must define what economic development is and this takes us to the above mentioned definition: "High rates of growth in the economy."

I believe one should define the question in another way and instead ask what economic development is not. By doing so we can affirm why some

countries are more developed than others. Economic development is not bigh per capita gross domestic product (GDP). Otherwise, Saudi Arahia with a per capita GDP close to \$16,000 is more developed than the United States with per capita GDP close to \$11,500.

Economic development is also not 'weak infrastructure aconomic development is not having vicious circle of demand' and so many other 'nots' as is wellknown to economists and students of economics. Let us go back to our old

definition: 'Attaining high rates of growth': I believe that by trying to attain high rates of growth in one sector we might negatively affect other elements of the economy. For example, asking for a high growth rate in agriculture might be at the expense of industry, neglecting, of course, the forward linkages' between the agricultural sector and the industrial sector and vice versa. This brings me to a report recently written in the Jordan Times about "The Tourism Industry in Jordan" where the writer advocates the investment of more funds into this

I agree with the writer by leaps and bounds that tourism is an important sector in the economy. However, emphasising this sector means promoting the service sector in which around 35 per cent of the active population of Jordan is engaged. This would impede our efforts to create an industrially-based Jordan.

The more solution for a betbias - a balance growth that maintains high per capita GDP plus good infrastructure plus obviation of the vicious circle of demand etc... Lastly, any country should measure its absorptive capacity to growth before it indulges into or asks for an extravagant growth rate.

Tayseer Dawood

20:30

21:03

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RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

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7:01	Morning Show
7:30	News Bulletin
7:40	Morning Show
10:00	News Headlines
	Morning Show
t0:30	30 Minute Theatre
11:00	Signing off
	News Headlines
	Pop Session
	News Summary
13:03	
	News Bulletin
	Instrumentals
	Now Music
	Concen Hour
	Instrumentals
	Old Favourites
	Oiscovering Music
17:30	Pop Session
	News Summary
18:03	
15:30	Story Time
	News Desk (News Aulletin.
	Press Review, News Reports)

.. Evening Show News Summary Evening Show

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

04:00 Newsdesk 04:30 Country Style 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 The Brotherhood of Brass 05:45 The World Today 06:90 Newsdesk 06:30 Famous Pianist of the Past 07:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 07:30 Letter from London Summary 07:30 Letter from London 7:40 Book Choice 07:48 Report on Religion 08:00 World News; Reflections 08:15 The Motel 08:30 Brain of Briain 1932 09:00 World News; artish Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 Terry Wogan's Album Time 10:15 They Showed Us the Past 10:30 Jame Eyre 11:00 World News, News about 8 ritain 11:15 Listening Post 11:30 Meridian 12:00 Radio Newsree) 11:30 Meridian 12:00 Radio Newsree) 12:15 Nature Notebook 12:25 The 12:15 Nature Notebook 12:25 The Farming World 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 13:30 With Great Pleasure Summary 13-30 With Great Pleasure 14:15 Report on Religion 14:30 These Musical Islands 15:06 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News: Commentary 16:15 The Haydn Years 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News; Listening Post 17:25 New Ideas 17:35 Interlude 17:40 Book Choice 17:45 Easter Poundant 18:90 World 17:45 Sports Round-up 18:00 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 Top Twenty 19:00 Outlook 19:39 Stock Market Report: Look Ahead 19:45 Melodious Machines 20:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 Assignment 21:00 Network UK 21:15 A World of Wind and 2 rass 21:30

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the word today 22:25 Paperback Choice; Financial News 22:40 Reflec-tions 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 The Bridge of San Luis Rey 23:30 Top

VOICE OF AMERICA

03:00 Daybreak 04:00 The Breakfast Show: 15:00 News roundup: reports, opinion. analyses 15:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters 16:00 Special English News 16:1S Feature: Space and Man 16:30 Now Music USA 17:00 News Roun reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature: Space and Man. 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup; reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English; news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA

AMMAN AIRPORT

ARRIVALS:	
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	Tark!

NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are pravided to the Ior-dan Times by the Alia information department at Amman Airport, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before the arrival or departure of the flight.

ARRIVALS:	
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18:45	Casablanca, Tunis
19:15	Frankfurt (1.H)
19:30	Rome

Beirut (MEA DEPARTURES:

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	Beirul
7:00	Aqaba
	Karachi (PLA)
9:00	Beirut (MEA)
9:45	Athens. Amsterdam) KLM
9:45	Larnaca (CY
10:35	Rome (Alitalia
11:00	Vienna, New York
11:30	Cairc
11:50) Athens, Copenhagen (SK
12:3	Caire
13:30	Cairo)EA
	Bucharest (Tarom
16:3	Kuwaii (KAC
	Jeddah (Saudia
	Baghdad
) Kuwai
19:0	

19:15 19:30 19:40 20:10 20:13 21:45 03:30
DOCTORS Amman: Abdul Aziz Ali Al Zan
Zarqa:

MERGENCIES

Bahrain, Doha

Cairo (EA)

DOCTORS:
Амия:
Abdul Aziz Abu Khalaf 22520/6355
Ali Al Zamili94121/67753
Zarqa:
Musa Taha Odch
Misbah Al Hajjawi 81217/82254
Irbid: Se'id Duhmush
PHARMACIES:
Ammen:
Al-Salam 36730
Samer (Al-Nuzhah)
Fayez(—)

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Tras	73477
Al-Urdon	
350000	56736
Al Sabah	76748
CULTURAL CENT	RES

RES

American Ceotre	4152
Aritish Council	147-
French Cultural Centre	3700
Goethe Institute	
Soviet Cultural Ceotre	
Spanish Cultural Centre	
Turkish Cultural Centre	
Haya Arts Centre	
Al Hussein Youth City	
Y.W.C.A.	
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4-3
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Folkiore Museum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th

Saudi riyal

centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. S1760 Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as contumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 8.00 p.m.

closed Tuesda Jordan Archa sdays. Tel. 37169 Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of

Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tuesdays.

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U.K. sterling 620.7/624.4
W. German mark 147.8/148.
Swiss franc
French franc 56.8/57.
TELEBUONE N

26.6/26.8 (for every 100) 1**4**5.6/146.5 (for every 100) 133.9/134. 78.8/79.3

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	Information Jordan and Middle East trunk calls Overseas radio and satellite calls Telephone maintenance and repair service	
T	PRICES	

MA

Eggplant (small)	160
Potatoes (imported)	180
Marrow (small)	140
Marrow (large)120	100
Cucumber (small)	220
Cucumber (large)	150
Hot Green Pepper 180	t60
Sweet Pepper	160
Cabbage90	70
Onions (dry)	70
Green onions	70
Spinach	70
Beins	150
Bananas260	200
Bananas (Mukammar)	180
Peas240	200
Gartic	300
Green Aimonds per 1/2 pounds	300
aroad Beans	100
Apples (Golden) 250	200

okeo) 37777 92206 73111 74111	Information Jordan and Middle East trunk calls Overseas radio and satellite calls Telephone maintenance and repair service	******
RKET	r Prices	
80	Apples (Double Red)	
160	Apples (Starken)	
180	Lemons	1
140	Oranges (Shamouti)	
100	- Oranges (Valencia) 100	
220	Cauliflowers (white)	
150	Carrot	

Apples (Double Red)	250	200
Apples (Starken)		200
Lemons		T40
Oranges (Shamouti)		150
Oranges (Valencia)		80
Cauliflowers (white)		120
Carrot		100
		120
		140
Apples (American)		360
Apples (Japanese)		440
Apples (African)		200
Grape leaves		29
Water Mellow (Mulikhiyah)		750
Apples (Turkish)		720
Water Melons		
Рэдол		100
Parsley	100	100
Radish	150	t50
Sage	250	200
Appricots	600	500
Meions	500	400

EEC approves farm price rises despite British veto

BRUSSELS (R) — Britain's rela- rollering" the prices through tions with its partners in the European Economic Community (EEC) faced their worst crisis Tuesday after EEC governments decided to push through farm price rises without Britain's con-

A day after the community gave only half-hearted backing for the extension of trade sanctions against Argentina, farm ministers overturned a British veto and began voting on 10.5 per cent average price rises for 1982-83.

British Agriculture Mioister Peter Walker told journalists the unprecedented vote violated the basis on which Britain had joined the EEC in 1973.

As British officials hinted that their government would retaliate, an angry Mr. Walker accused other governments of "steam-

Mr. Walker had blocked the farm package for weeks to give Britain added leverage in its

demands for hefty rehates on its payments to the EEC hudger, invoking the 16-year-old community tradition that all major decisions must be agreed unani-

But after foreign ministers' negotiations on the budget row broke down Monday night, seven EEC governments said they had run out of patience and decided to vote through the farm package.

A plea by British Foreign Secretary Francis Pym for more talks was turned down, Mr. Walker

Denmark and Greece joined Britain in its refusal to participate in the voting, arguing that member states must retain their right of

Pound falls

LONDON (R) - Sterling fell to its lowest level in two weeks and share prices eased Tuesday because of fears on London financial markets that a British invasion of the Falkland Islands might be imminent.

Dealers described trading on all major markets as nervous and thin as the British government reviewed tactics for taking the islands by force. The main concern of market operators is that a military disaster in the South Atlantic could endanger the government of Prime Minister Margaret

But in the EEC council of minis-

Diplomats said Mr. Walker

warned his colleagues that Tues-

day's decision would wreck the

consensus politics under which the

community has worked up to now.

and West German farm ninisters,

Edith Cresson and Josef Ertl. he

told journalists it was "an impetu-

ous decision which on reflection

the majority of ministers would

The British government would

Mr. Walker refused to be drawn

be "urgently consideriog the implications of this new and

daogerous principle", he said

on what sanctions Britain might

come to regret."

In a bitter attack on the French

ters' complicated system of voting.

that was not enough to stop the

package being pushed through.

The pound dropped against most other currencies, dipping to about \$1.8025 by mid-afternoon from 1.8180 Mooday night.

It also eased to 4.1875 West German marks from 4.20 earlier in the day, and to 3.56 Swiss francs from 3.5750.

Sterling's trade-weighted index against a hasket of other major curreocies fell to 89.9 of its 1975 level by midday, compared with 90.2 Monday night.

Regan urges Congress to act quickly on budget deficit

WASHINGTON (R) - The U.S. economy will experience only anaemic recovery and then slide back into recession if Congress does not move quickly to cut federal hudget deficits. Treasury Sec-

Congressional members of

President Reagan's Republican Party and opposition Democrats have been locked in a bitter dis-

relary Donald Regan said Tues- pule over how to reduce big spending deficits forecast for the next few years. The impasse has put upward pressure on already lofty U.S. interest rates despite the recession that began in August.

Republicans, who control the Senate, have been pushing for

deeper cuts in social programmes, which were reduced significantly

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world eurrencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One sterling One U.S. dollar

1.8040/50 1.2393/96 2.5775/5805 1.9710/20 43,75/80

1287.00/1288.00 237.55/70 5.8040/60

7.8720/50 One ounce of gold 337.00/337.50 U.S. dollars Canadian dollars West German marks

Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire

Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - The market was easier Tuesday but turnover was light because many operators are staying out of the market due to uncertainty surrounding Falkland Islands negotiations, dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was down 3.3 at 572.5.

Initial markdowns by jobbers attracted some buying interest but little two way business developed. Glaxo gave up 10p to 669 on profittaking and other leaders were generally 2p to 4p down. Against the trend, 1CI and Hawker Siddeley both ended unchanged on balance while P and O added 2p to 146.

North Americans and gold shares were mixed.

Government bonds ended as much as 1/2 point lower reflecting concern over the U.S. interest rate outlook but volume in this sector was also limited by nervousness over the Falklands crisis.

Imperial group ended a halfpenny higher on balance at 961/2 after the Trade Department cleared the sale of its poultry interests to hillsdown. Unilever shed another 2p to 602 on Monday's disappointing first quarter

Huntley and Palmer was down a penny after the annual report.

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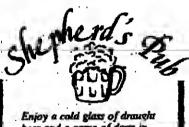
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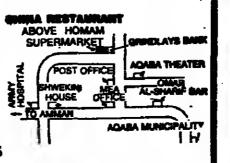
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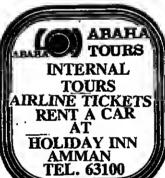
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SPORTS

Argentine coach finds new West Germany team, riddled with goal: Victory on European soil injuries, faces uncertain World-Cup

MAR DEL PLATA, Argentina (A.P.) — Every morning. Cesar L. Menorti gets up. drinks a cup of coffee, smokes a cigarette and writes on a blackboard that Argentina will retain its world soccer championship in July in Spain.

The invariable routine is just one of the many superstitions held by the blond, 44-year-old coach who led Argentina to the world championship four years ago in

There are only several weeks left before we will be champions

Tennis Championship Tuesday:

(U.S.) 7-5, h-1.

Italian Tennis Open results

ROME (R) — Results in the first round of the Italian Open

Yannick Noah (France) beat Per Hjertquist (Sweden) 6-1, 6-4. Balasz Taroczy (!!ungary) beat Fernando Luna (Spain) 5-7,

Andreas Maurer (West Germany) beat Tony Giammalva

Andres Gomez (Ecuador) beat Alejandro Pierola (Chile) 5-7.

Ilie Nastase (Romania) beat Florin Segarceanu (Romania) 5-7.

Ricardn Cano (Argentina) beat Raul Ramirez (Mexico) 6-7.

Jose Luis Damiani (Uruguay) beat Heinz Gunthardt (Swit-

Vitas Gerulaitis (U.S.) beat Eric Iskersky (U.S.) 6-2, 6-3.

Jose Higueras (Spain) beat Harold Solomon (U.S.) 4-6, 6-4.

Anders Jarryd (Sweden) beat Mark Vine (U.S.) 6-2, 6-0.

Pablo Arraya (Argentina) beat Johan Kriek (South Africa)

Tomas Smid (Czechoslovakia) beat Pender Murphy (U.S.) 6-4.

Jose-Luis Clerc (Argentina) beat Zoltan Kuharsky (Hungary)

English League's ups and downs

FIRST DIVISION--Champions:

Liverponl. Runnersup: lpswich.

Relegated: Wolves, plus two from

Middlesbrough, Leeds, Stoke,

SECOND DIVISION -- Promoted:

Luton. Watford. Norwich. Rele-

gated: Orient, Wrexham, Cardiff

Wast Brom.

Paulo Bertolucci (Italy) beat Leo Palin (Finland) 7-5. 6-4.

a few hours before a recent interview with the Associated Press at the Villa Marista sports complex just outside this Atlantic seaside resort.

The blackboard is also seen daily by the 23 players who began practice a month ago at Villa Marista. operated by a Roman Cat-holic teaching order and renowned for its peace and quiet and the strong scent of pine trees.

"I know I'm not going to invent any miracle drug, I'm not going to

THIRD DIVISION--Promoted:

Burnley, plus two from Carlisle,

Fulham and Lincoln. Relegated:

Chester. Bristol City; two from

Wimbledon, Swindon or Walsall.

FOURTH DIVISION--Promoted:

Sheffield Utd, Wigan, Bradford,

Bournemouth. IRe-election:

Crewe. Scunthorpe, North-

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bition "Florales" by the

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ampton, Rochdale.

again," wrote the tall, thin Menotti break the sound barrier nor paint like Picasso, but among my objectives winning the World Cup again takes priority in my life and I'm doing my best to accomplish it," said Menotti.

When the World Cup ended in 1978 and we were champions at first I thought there were no more sports goals," said Menotti. "But suddenly 1 found another stimulus - 10 win again on European 1er-

A strong believer in offensive soccer Menotti thinks his team still lacks the dynamism in attack needed to surprise the tight European

But, he said, he is confident that this problem will be overcome when Mario Kempes -- leading scorer in the last World Cup -recovers his characteristic

strength and efficient play. Another worry is the possibility that violent play could dominate in Spain. "Given that what in South America is considered an infraction is considered to be just an ordinary play in Europe," said

"Whether or not there is violence will depend on the organisers," Menotti said, "but if they want war I will be taking 11 fighters with me.

"I never encourage violence, but everything has its limit." Menotti said. "If they kick me in the ankle I respood with soccer, if they hit me again I respond with a dribble, but if it happens again and the referee doeso't say anything you bave to realise that the game can't be played, it has to be fought and we're going to be ready for

Regardless of the type of play in Spain, Menotti is convinced that Argentina will win in Group Three, where the defending champions are matched against Belgium, Hungary and El Salvador.

To guard against any possible evil influences, Menotti has a special good luck charm.

"I keep in my desk a black box for shining shoes, with my name painted on the side." Menottisaid. 'A fan gave it to me just in case things don't go well in Spain and I have to look for work as a sho-

Even in lighter moments. Menotti rarely smiles. He says he smokes about 50 cigarettes a day, would like to have been a musician and poet and has a passion for pol-

In February Menotti barshiy criticised the political, social and economic policies followed by Argentina's military government and said that "the people are living badly and the workers need

His comments led to speculation that angered military officials might attempt to have him removed as national selection coach, but no effort was the ent.

Menotti said he is not sorry he made the comments.

"I earn a lot of money and it would be easy for me to shutup." he says, "but I believe that I have an obligation to society and even though I am a coach I am an Argentine who lives in this country, who voted five times and who is troubled by the same things that trouble others, principally inj-

"I believe that the best thing that can happen to a government is to find people who disagree once in a while, to give them (the government) points of reference concerning the government's con-

Menotti began his soccer career as a player with the Argentine team Rosario Central, Racing Club and Boca Juniors. In 1967 he played with the New York Generals before moving on one year later to Santos of Brazil - where he played with soccer superstar Pele -- and ended his playing career with Juventus of Sao Paulo. Brazil, in 1969.

In 1970 he became a lower division coach for Newell's Old Boy and in 1971 went to Huracan, which won the National championship two years later. He was named coach of the national selection in 1974.

Menotti says he plans to leave the national teams after the World Cup, regardless of the outcome.

Then I'll travel to the important sports centers, in West Germany, France and England, to continue studying and improving myself and to continue the fight from the grandstands,"

lence, the last thing Bilbao needs

Spain's Basque region, prob-

ably best-known abroad for the

violence associated with the

separatist organisation ETA

(Basque Homeland and Free-

dom), is bracing itself for an influx

of English supporters which could

place further strain on the security

Czechoslovakia and Kuwah have

been drawn in the Bilbao-

Valladoid group of the World Cup

finalists in June, have long had

They are said to have intro-

duced soccer to Spain towards the

end of the 19th century and the

local club, Athletic Bilbao, was

once regularly managed by

But in recent years the image of

English soccer has been tarnished

by the violent antics of the

national team's supporters and the

hard-pressed security forces here

are under no illusions about the

The arrival of the England team

for a friendly match against Athle-

tic Bilbao here in March coincided

with the death in a hail of bullers of

two policemen and a woman. The

killings were three among dozens

carried out by ETA over the past

stationed outside the San Mames

stadium indicated just how seri-

ously the police are taking the

The threat of spectator violence

and the possibility that it will be

prospect of crowd trouble.

And two armoured cars

special links with Bilbao.

Englishmen.

task ahead.

few years.

The English, who with France.

is an invasioo by brawling English

World Cup Soccer fans.

forces.

This profile is one of a series of feature stories on soccer teams that will play in the World Cup in Spain June 11-July 13. West Germany will play in Group 2 along with Austria, Chile

FRANKFURT. West Germany (A.P.) - West German soccer coach Jupp Derwall hopes for better days. The health of a handful of prominent German intercational stars casts doubt on his team's chances in the World Cup in

and Algeria.

West Germany goes into the tournament with an impressive international record. The Germans were runners-up to England in 1966, wincers in 1974 when the tournament was staged in Ger-many, and are reigning European

Derwall finished his planning for the tournament in Spain some months ago, apparently leaving little possibility for a newcomer to get into the squad, but now all seems different.

In the past few weeks the list of international players injured has grown longer and longer.

We realise we have to improvise." Derwall said.



Manfred Kaltz... definite choice.

Basque region braces itself for

But while police in the Basque

country are used to dealing

harshly with demonstrations by

radical nationalists, English fans.

on the rampage pose other prob-

Macfarlane visited Madrid

recently to advise Spanish autho-

rities on how to deal with them.

drinks as well as bottles and cans

which could be used as weapons

would be banned in the stadium

and there would be spot searches

unlikely there could be a bloody

But observers say that police-

men and civil guards in the region,

frequent largets or guerrillas, are

edgy and just as unfamiliar dealing

with rioting fans as English soccer

supporters are unused to facing

A lesser problem is that of

accommodation in a city used to

tourists only hurrying through to

the beaches and wooded hills of

the scenic, intriguing Basque

Organisers plan to spread vis-

itors among 14,000 hotel beds

available in the three Basque pro-

vinces, to let up ferries as floating

heating and telephone.

Therefore, he added, it was very

British Sports Minister Neil

An organiser said alcobolic

influx of English fans

BILBAO (R) — With the ever-present threat of political vio-activity increases the problem for

the security forces.

for weapons.

clash with soccer fans.

heavily-armed police.

countryside.

Felix Magath, Bernd Schuster and Hans Mueller, three of West Germany's key midfielders, are out of action with injuries. Magath, 28-year-old star of

Hamburg, underwent a complicated knee operation, which makes his return to the national squad for the World Cup doubtful. Mueller, from Stuttgart, who is seeking a transfer to an Italian club oext season, tested his fitness. recently by playing for the first time after an operation last Nov-

Schuster, who suffered a knee injury while playing for Barcelona, faced a long lay-off. The absence of the risingstar would be a heavy blow to West Germany.

The Germans began their World Cup warmup preparations with a 3-1 win over Portugal in Hanover in February. Then they played to a 1-1 tie against Argentima

The Germans plan to play Cze-choslovakia in Cologne in mid-April, and Norway in Oslo in May.

That is when Derwall is expected to finalise his 22-man squad. He will take his men to a training camp in the Black Forest before going on to Spain.

Derwall took over as national coach in 1978 and had a run of success. Under his direction West Germany was unbeaten in 23 international games in 26 months. But in 1981 the team suffered a setback.

Of eleven international games last year Derwall's team won eight and lost three. Twice the Germans bowed to three-times World Cup winner Brazil, 1-4 at the "Mini World Cup" in Uruguay last January and 1-2 at home in Stuttgart in May. The third defeat was 1-2 against Argentina in Uruguay.
"Two defeats against Brazil

were unsettling at the time," Jupp

huge camping grounds.

support their side.

matches.

mologisis.

That may not be enough. About

20,000 foreign fans are expected

to watch England play France.

Czechoslovakia and Kowait.

While some believe the figure

could double when the French

stream over the nearby border to

insufficient 46.00 capacity of the

San Names stadium, despite the

fact that renovations should be

complete well in time. More often

than not, it is full for league

But the prospects for visitors

are not all bleak. Basques claim

for their region Spain's leading

restaurant and five of the top 12.

The food is washed down by some

of the best Spanish wines from the

accepted into one of the secretive.

men only, "gastronomic societies" where Basques meet monthly to

cook and sing.

Basques claim to be among the

most ancient people in Europe,

and the origin of their distinctive

tanguage still puzzles ety-

They have their own dances and

sport-stone-lifting. tree-cutting

and peloia, a remote cousin of

squash played with bare hands or a

long, oarrow wicker basket.

Lucky lourists might be

neighbouring Rioja Province.

Another problem will be the



Jupp Derwall, manager of West Germany's national soccer team, hopes for better days.

warned, "The Brazilians gave us a

Derwall, himself a former international players, gives no off-icial hint of who will be on the squad for the World Cup. But there are some sure bets for the lineup in Spain.

One of the safest is Goalkeeper Harald Schumacher, 27-year-old Cologne star and Germany's undisputed no. 1.

Toni' Schumacher, a close personal friend and former teammate of Bernd Schuster, was one of the strong men of the German team during the European qualifying tournament.

In the defence Manfred Kaltz from Hamburg is a virtually certain choice. The 28-old stalwart, with 56 international games behind him, is the most experienced player Derwall has. He is one of the men remaining from the European Championship winning team of 1980.

Uli Stielike, who plays for real Madrid, is likely to be the sweeper. Other probable candidates for the defence are twin brothers Bernd and Karl-Heinz Foerster from Stuttgart and newcomer Wolfgang Dremmler from German champion team Bayern Mun-

Hamburg may recall Beckenbauer for final

HAMBURG, West Germany (R) nearly every honour in the game, national appearance in the UEFA lacerated kidney. Cup soccer final here Wednesday night to foil Gotheoburg's bid to become the first Swedish side to hotels in the port and to provide win a European tropby.

Gothenburg won the first leg of the final 1-0 with a goal three minutes from the end but may have difficulty retaining that advantage against a side who have made a speciality this season of

rallying in the return match. Hamburg's Austrian coach Ernst Happel, who will field nine of West Germany's 40-strong World Cup final provisional squad, says Beckenhauer might be in his side.

Beckenbauer, two weeks away from retirement after winoing

Hamburg may recall Franz bas missed much of the season Beckenbauer for a farewell inter- because of injury, most recently a

But the 36-year-old defender, who led West Germany to victory in the 1974 World Cup final, stood by as substitute when Hamburg overwhelmed Werder Bremen 5-0 last Saturday to stay two points clear at the top of the league table.

"Theoretically there is a pos-sibility that Beckenbauer will play but there are often hitches between theory and practice." Happel said, leaving a decision till just before the kick-off. "It would be my 19th title," said Beckenbauer, who won the European Champions Cup and Cup-Winners-Cup with Bayern Munich.

Austria's Jara likely to miss trip to Spain

ZURICH (R) - Austrian international Kurt Jara is likely to miss the World Soccer Cup finals after injuring his leg in a Swiss League match oo Saturday.

Jara, who joined Zurich Grasshoppers this season from West German club Schalke 04, was at first thought to have badly bruised

But club doctor Tommy Preiss said Monday that the hone was fractured and Jara would be out of action for four or five weeks. Austria play their opening World Cup match against Chile in Oviedo

on June 17. Jara, 31, a key midfield player with a lethal shot, said: "1 can only

hope and pray that it will heal in time."

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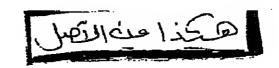


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DAILY FROM 10 A.M TO 1 P.M _ 4 P.M TO 7 P.M

النميساني عاتف ١٢١٨٠ عمان الازدن

Tei: 62181 Amman, Jordan



Many managers suffer problems in their career just after being promoted

Cranfield nurses promotional hiccups through a three-phase programme

By Arnold Kransdorff

IN SPITE of an outward appearance of efficiency and confidence John Schingler has found the past seven years far from easy. During that time he has been promoted through four senior management jobs--and every move has been a nightmarc.

In retrospect the pattern, curiously enough, was always the same. After an initial burst of enthusiasm there was a sense of being overwhelmed; he would suddenly realise that his expectations did not match up to the reality of his new job.

This always led to depression and a critical period when he would start to question his own competence-not exactly a healthy state of mind for an ambitious executive with onerous respon-

In the event Schingler, who is sales and marketing director, Europe, for Commonwealth Holiday Inns of Canada, found that this phase would eventually pass. Confidence--and an improved level of competence-would return, and this would lead to another prom-

But then the sequence would start all over again. Why was there oever any length of time when he felt he was really on top of the job? And would success always be such a struggle?

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form

VINEA

MAROA

Today he thinks he is a little closer to answering these questions, thanks to an unusual management development programme he attended at Cranfield School of Management in Bedfordshire. The course is the brainchild of two young academics. Chris Parker and Ralph Lewis, who have joined with the Hotel and Catering Industry Training Board to help managers overcome a number of recurring problems associated with promotion.

From research carried out in the hotel and catering industry. Parker and Lewis have concluded that no matter how competent individuals are at one level, they are automatically less competent, and in some cases incompetent, at higher levels for anything up to two years after transition-a factor not fully appreciated by either managers or companies, they say.

At more senior levels the transition period can be up to four years, they add.

Although the research was concentrated on how newly promoted managers saw themselves, Parker and Lewis say that those feelings of incompetence usually translated themselves into varying degrees of reality.

Often, they say, companies are totally unaware of any downturn in an individual's performance, mainly because managers are able to bluff their way through difficult situations.

DRY CLEANER

doubts about the practice of moving managers, on average, every few years. Apart from the fact that there is little opportunity to prepare for promotion, it means that managers like John Schingler are achieving sausfactory levels of competence for only short periods in their working life. How effectively individuals tackle these problems depends on a combination of competence, self-knowledge and the support and guidance provided for them

pose a serious problem for

industry-and one which raises

Lewis. "Succession planning and training for promotion can do a lot to improve competence by enhancing technical abilities and contributing to general experience."

during transition, say Parker and

Parker and Lewis found that some typical problems faced in transition, especially by those coming into management for the first time, were feelings of isolation and loneliness--emotions that the individual was usually unequipped to handle. The same people were usually vulnerable to pressure groups within the company because they were unskilled at playing internal political

Newly-promoted managers also tended to feel strain more quickly and made decisions either too hastily or not at all.

To deal with these and other related problems. Cranfield has set up a three-phase programme over 10 weeks, consisting of two four-day residential sessions at the husiness school and a one-day regional workshop. Although the organisers do not pretend that the course is an instant cure-all an important element of the tuition is to repair hrused egos and boost

"As one of the most important problems is how individuals perceive themselves, we spend a lot of time on self-appraisal," says Parker.

"We encourage groups to discuss each other's personalities and their weaknesses. We illustrate how they relate to people, teach them how to handle aggression. stress and conflict and how to give and take criticism. We also include instruction on how to communicate and how to listen, how to be assertive, how to build selfesteem and how to say oo to demands from senior managers.

"Also, we teach them to play politics well and such basic skills as how to negotiate, how to run meetings, and how to put teams

Cranfield has been running its transitions" programme for just 14 months and attendance has totalled more than 100 middle and senior managers from companies such as Holiday Inns, Grand Metropolitan, Granada Motorway Services. Centre Hotels, and Whitbread Breweries. The reason it has concentrated on one industry is hecause of its association with the Hotel and Catering Industry Training Board.

Up to now the training board has been part-financing the £1,000 course fee, but this support is expected to end soon, and Cranfield intends to open the programme to other sectors of industry. One idea is to offer in-house courses and this has already been taken up by a 30-unit Welsh hotel group currently undergoing management changes; accountants Deloitte also intend to use the course for all new partners, starting in June. As far as John Schingler is con-

cemed, he wishes he could have done the course when he accepted 1974. He is convinced that the move, and subsequent ones. would have heen less traumatic. "It seems that the transition curve starts applying when one is suddenly given a lot of additional responsibility over and above

The problem is that you never know the true extent of other people's jobs. Also, the experience which made you excel in a pre-

one's original expectations," he

Apart from believing that he can now handle any future promotion more efficiently. Schingler has come away having learnt two basic lessons. "In future I will not he going into new jobs with the same optimism as in the past. The thought has occurred to me that my subordinates must also be going through the same curve. Hopefully, I will now be able to manage them better."

The performance curve

From their researches, Chris Parker and Ralph Lewis have developed a seven-stage behavioural model of what they think happens to a newlypromoted manager.

Almost immediately the individual goes into a state of immobilisation or shock. This arises, they say, because the reality of the new job does not match up to expectations.

Stage two on the transition curve is what they call "denial of change". Here, the individual attempts to minimise the extent to which he must adjust to the demands of bis new job by reverting to previously successful behaviour. As a result he usually performs badiy because his behaviour is inappropriate.

From there, competence slips and depression sets in. The individual usually becomes reactive and refuses to share experiences with others. He becomes frustrated because it is difficult to know how to cope with the new situation.

Stage four-the bottom of the curve-occurs when there is at least an acceptance of reality, leading to a preparedness and willingness to experiment with

Parker and Lewis suggest that although it is precisely al

this stage that mistakes are liable to he made, this should not be held against the individual and he should be given encouragement. It is only by experimentation that effective new ways can be found, they

The next stage heralds a quiet, reflective period when the individual attempts to understand the preceding sequence of events.

This leads finally to the time of "understanding" when all the changes are integrated into the experience of the individual without any conflict. The sense of being involved in change passes and the individual, who can expect to have developed newer and better ways of dealing with the new job, becomes more stable.

Parker and Lewis stress that not all individuals follow the curve to its conclusion. Some may get stuck while others may

They say their programme is designed to reduce the time it takes to reach competence as well as cut down on the casualty If they can do that, the impli-

cations for performance and profit are obvious.

- Financial Times news feature

The earth, borrowed from 4 our children, should be preserved for their future

from our fathers; we have borrowed it from our children." This revealing phrase comes from the World Conservation Strategy, a blueprint for environmental protection produced in 1980 by a co-operative effort of the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) and the World Wildlife Fund (WWF) with the United Nations Environment

Truly, we have in a sense borrowed the earth from our children, and their hopes, their way of life. and in some cases their very survival will depend on the state in which we return it to them.

Programme (UNEP), and other

UN agencies.

The world of today is something less than a paradise, its 4,000 million people include the comparatively healthy, wealthy and comfortable population of the industrialised nations, whose environmental, social and economic problems pale into insignificance compared with those of the 400 million -- or ten per cent of the world's population - who suffer from extreme poverty and environmental deprivation. But the world has the potential to become an immeasurably worse, or a significantly hetter, place in which to live.

What are the chances that the actions of this generation will determine favourably the future of the next? In 25 years time will today's children look back on 1982, the 10th anniversary of the United Nations Conference on the Human Environment held in Stockholm in 1972, and regard it as a landmark on a downward or

an upward path? The world's environment that is, the total of its life-support systems -- is in a growing state of crisis. Today's world is beset by a long series of environmental problems: spreading deserts, soil erosion, resource depletion, industrial contamination, air and water pollution, uncontrolled growth of cities, destruction of tropical forests and the ozone layer. Some of these problems threaten the health and survival of today's chil-

dren. Others threateo their future

We have not inherited the earth livelihood, or that of their own chidren.

The environment is under threat from both ends of the human scale -- from the affluent few and from the poverty-stricken many. It has been recognised for a decade or more that the few affluent nations or people that use resources extravagantly cause: more environmental stress and require more ecological carrying capacity than the many who live more simply, more frugally, and in a less energy-and resource-wasteful way. It is also true that the very poor can have a disproportionately high environmental impact, which can affect not only their own, but also other

These problems are growing rapidly with the increasing resource depletion brought about not only by wasteful patterns of consumption, but also by the sheer magnitude of population growth. In the poorer countries of the Third World, where most of the population growth is occuring, environmental impoverishment is mostly caused by poverty itself; and unlike in the developed countries, these countries lack the means to deal with its consequences. In order to survive, they are forced to destroy the very resources upon which the survival of their children depends.

societies, resource base.

The threat to man's environment, and his recognition of that threat, has had its own effect in the ten years since the U.N. Conference on the Human Environment first established a special U.N. agency to monitor and coordinate action in the environmental field. Since 1972, there has been a massive growth of environmental awareness throughout the world, and of understanding of the interdependence of countries. At Stockholm in 1972, people recognised that "the pollusion of poverty" was the worst of all pollutioos. It was also recognised that environmental coocerns should be a part of development, not a barrier to it.

-- UNICEF news

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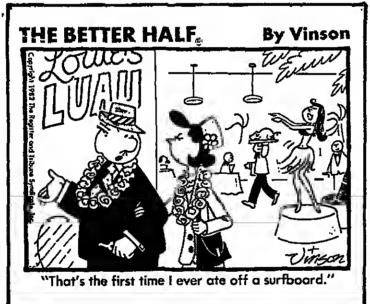
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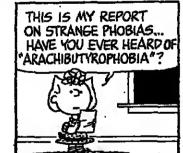
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RAPTYN AN ARTICLE OF CLOTHING A GENTLE-MAN MIGHT HAVE AROUND THE ARM. CRALIG Now arrange the circled lettars to form the surprise answer, as sugted by the above cartoon. Jumbles: HOUSE EATEN GARISH ACHING Yesterday's

JUMBILE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME
by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee



Peanuts



THIS IS THE FEAR OF PEANUT BUTTER STICKING TO THE ROOF OF YOUR MOUTH and may be a beautiful EXCUSE FOR NOT GOING TO SCHOOL SOME DAY ...

What one mouse said to the other as he saw the trap being baited—"CHEESE IT"





Mutt 'n' Jeff







Andy Capp









FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, MAY 19, 1982

YOUR DAILY

GENERAL TENDENCIES: You are under good influences early in the day and can easily advance in career matters. Later you find potentially upsetting conditiona urging you to make needed changes.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Make sure you know what higher-ups expect of you instead of relying on untested ideas. Don't be misled by outsiders. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) Study new ideas you

have for expansion but wait for a better day before putting them in operation. Use common sense. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21] Keep promises made to others instead of trying to avoid your responsibilities. Try

not to argue with close ties. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Be sure you don't go ahead and do what associates want you to do

without first giving the matter careful thought. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 211 Only if you schedule your time wisely can you accomplish your tasks today. Strive for in-

creased harmony with family members. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Use diplomacy in the handling of home affairs or there could be trouble. Study

your work plan before the actual labor.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Take time to plan social activities for the future. Find the right appliances that could make your work easier and more efficient. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) You would be wise to do

your shopping early in the day since unexpected problems could take up your time later. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21] Try not to spend

more money than you can afford or you will regret it later. Show others that you are a sensible person. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20] Handling personal af-

fairs instead of wasting time on unimportant matters ia the best route to follow today. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Make a wise plan and

results. You can help a person in need now. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 201 Morning is the best time to make new arrangements with associates. Relax at home

then carry through in a positive manner and get fine

tonight and relieve tensions. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she could be inclined to disagree with others too much, so teach to be more diplomatic. Upon reaching maturity much success is possible. Make sure to give ethical and religious training early in life.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

THE Daily Crossword By Frank Geary 21 Wastern

ACROSS 26 Health **50 Arrow** — оп Му resort Hands" 27 Ordinary 51 Dance stap 5 Country 52 "- is Not writing 30 Views in Asia a Homa" 9 Rams 32 Oid Chinese 54 Tasted 13 Cruising 58 Rodent 33 Punta t4 Vendition ures

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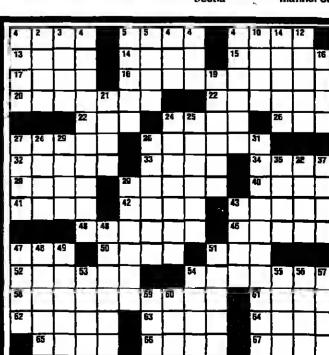
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Moscow calls for joint arms freeze

MOSCOW (R) — President Leonid Brezhnev Tuesdav called for a joint U.S.-Soviet freeze on strategic nuclear arms to coincide with the proposed opening of talks aimed at cutting their stockpiles of the long-range weapons.

The 75-year-old Kremlin chief also indicated for the first time that Moscow was ready to negotiate nuclear missile reductions with

Speaking at a conference of the Komsomol, the Communist youth organisation, Mr. Brezhnev said a

important thing by itself and would facilitate headway at the planned U.S.-Soviet talks.

President Reagan suggested the end of June as an opening date for the Strategic Arms Reduction Talks (START) in a speech in Illinois on May 9.

The Soviet Union has not yet formally accepted the proposal. but Mr. Brezhnev said Tucsday the U.S. leader's announcement that Washington was ready for the talks was an important step. But

strategic arms freeze would be "an he then denounced Mr. Reagan's suggestions for bilateral arms cuts as "absolutely one-sided".

> Mr. Brezhnev also formally ruled out a U.S. demand made at the Geneva talks on cuts in European-based armaments that the Soviet Union should scrap all its medium-range missiles wherever they were based.

U.S. defence officials have argued that the new Soviet S.S. 20s deployed in Siberia and the Far East could be quickly moved back to Europe at a time of crisis.

But Mr. Brezhnev said Washington's demands that weapons in the eastern part of the Soviet Union should be included in the discussions were "truly

Talks on cutting back easternbased missiles could be conducted only with those countries which had their own nuclear weapons facing the Soviet ones, he said.

This was clearly a reference to China, the only Eastern country with atomic arms pointed at Soviet

Haig: Soviet idea disadvantageous to U.S.

LUXEVIBOURG (R) — U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig said Tuesday that a Soviet call for a strategic arms freeze would leave the United States at a nuclear disadvantage.

If the U.S. accepted a freeze on ballistic missiles offered by Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev, there would he no incentive for Moscow to agree to swift arms reductions. Mr. Haig declared.

He spoke only hours after the Soviet leader made the freeze proposal in a speech in Moscow, but said his statement did not imply

formal rejection of the Soviet offer. Were we to agree to a freeze, it is clear the Soviet Union would then be relieved of any incentive to make rapid progress towards substantial reductions." Mr. Haig told a press conference.

He spoke after foreign ministers of the 15-nation NATO alliance endorsed proposals by President Reagan that U.S.-Soviet strategic arms talks should begin next month, and that both nations should aim to cut inter-continental warhead stocks by one-third.

Mr. Haig said the U.S. believed that "nuclear freezes do not produce effective arms control."

Mr. Haig said Western nations agreed at the two-day Luxembourg meeting to do all that was necessary to maintain a credible defence.

He said they also called on the Soviet Union to show restraint and

responsibility in all fields of activity. Poland's five-month-long martial law regime "continues to cast a dark shadow over East-West relations," Mr. Haig declared.

Mr. Haig said the Reagan administration had for some time conducted a high-level dialogue with the Soviet Union on a "very broad range of subjects." not only confined to arms control, and hoped this

President Reagan hoped to meet Mr. Brezhnev but believed such a meeting must be justified by the state of U.S.-Soviet relations and there must be meaningful prospects for positive results.

China floods death toll reaches 430

PEKING (R) - The death toll in lloods in South China's Guangdong province has risen to 430, the semi-offi ial China News Service (CNS) said Tuesday,

The provincial government has called for argent repairs to dykes. since the rainy season in South China has just begun and more flooding could occur, according to an official report from Canton.

The CNS report, carried by the pro-Communist Hong Kong newspaper Ta Kung Pao, said most of the victims had died when flood waters had knocked down

Dams at 114 reservoirs and 84 dykes had burst, inundating 334,000 heetares (\$25,000 acres) of farmland.

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

Q.1-Neither vulnerable, as

♠8 ₹AK94 ♥A7653 **♣J87**

The hidding has proceeded:

What action do you take?

A.-You could easily have a

game. However, you might

also have a dreadful misfit.

What you ou know is that

you are looking at three sure

defensive tricks and a

singleton in partner's suit. A

penalty nouble might yield a

bonanza if partner has the

right hand, and wun't cost

much if, hy some chance, the

opponents make their con-

tract. Besides, partner can

always pull the double if his

hand is unsuited to defense.

Q.2-As South, vulnerable.

♦63 * KQ10854 (A5 ♣984

Pass INT Pass

The hidding has proceeded:

South West North East

Pass Pass I + Pass

What action do you take!

A. - Now that you know that

partner has at least two

hearts in his hand, it is time

to tell him of your strength.

Jump to three hearts. This is

invitational, not forcing. In

the light of your initial pass.

you could hardly have more

Q.3 - As South, vulnerable,

◆AQJ8 TJ1062 ↑7 ◆AKQ5

The bidding has proceeded:

A.-East's preempt has

North East South

What do you bid now?

1 7 4 9 7

for this action.

you hold:

you hold:

South you hold:

1 + 2 + ?

North East South

British bishops ask Pope to go on with planned visit despite Falklands crisis

VATICAN CITY 1R) - Two port to Britain in the conflict. British Roman Catholic archbishops met the Pope Tuesday to try to persuade him to go ahead with a planned visit to Britain

despite its conflict with Argentina. A Vatican spokesman said the Pope had received archbishops Derek Worlock of Liverpool and Thomas Winning of Glasgow this morning but gave no details.

The two men arrived at short notice Monday night after the Pope said last Sunday the Falklands conflict had jeopardised his visit later this month.

Archbishop Worlock said he and his colleague would press strongly for the trip to proceed and he would stay in Rome until a final decision had been taken.

Vatican officials are concerned that the visit could be interpreted in Latin America as lending sup-

SALAMANCA, Spain (R) -Hundreds of villagers nearly lynched a self-proclaimed rightwing Roman Catholic anti-Pope last night at the shrine where St. Teresa of Avila is buried at Alba de Tormes, near here, its parish priest said Tuesday.

Anit-Pope in trouble

During a rumpus lasting several hours the church bells were rung in alarm and a threatening crowd gathered round a right-wing cleric who has proclaimed that the Roman Catholic church is in heresy and has set himself up as Pope Clement".

The crowd threw his car into the River Tormes and destroyed

another car in which eight of his so-called "bishops" had travelled 10 Alba de Tormes from the small sect's headquarters in Troya. southern Spain, according to the parish priest and the acting mayor f the village. Pope John Paul is due to visit

Spain in October for the fourth centenary of St. Teresa of Avila, a Inth century mystic and reformer. Last night's incident happened

only five days after a right-wing Spanish Catholic armed with a knife leapt at Pope John Paul at the Portuguese shrine of Fatima.

The man who tried to attack the Pope at Fatima, Juan Fernandez Krohn, does not belong to the Troya sect, but has described himself to Portuguese police as a priest and follower of the rebel French Archbishop Marcel Lefebyre.

SWAPO: War best solution

for Namibia

LAGOS (R) - Sam Nujoma, leader of the South West African People's Organisation (SWAPO). has told Nigerian President Shehu Shagari that only intensified guerrilla war in Namibia could convince South Africa and its allies of the need to reach a settlement. Nigerian officials said.

Lasi week SWAPO jurned down Western proposals for a voting system for elections leading to independence for Namibia/South West Africa and Mr. Nujoma has since visited Kenva and the Ivory Coasi to explain SWAPO's

The Nigerian officials said Mr. Nujoma told President Shagari that the proposed system was too complex for people who had never voted in a free election before and was biased in favour of the white

The officials also goted Mr. Nujoma as saying that despite SWAPO's belief that its war would have to be intensified, it was still holding the door open to further negotiations that would lead to the implementation of a U.N. resolution which calls for a ceasefire and elections leading to independence this year.

Other Italian unions to strike in wake of air traffic men

ROME (R) - Italians hit for the second consecutive day hy air and sea transport strikes were informed Tuesday of more industrial troubles which will affect road and rail travel.

Motorists formed long queues to fill their tanks before a two-day strike of petrol station attendants starting Wednesday. And the central committee of

the railmen's union announced a series of two-hour stoppages cul-minating in a two-day strike starting June 16. At the same time ferries on

Italy's Tyrrhenian coast remained at a standstill because of a 48-hour seamen's strike which ends at midnight (2200 GMT) Tuesday

Dominican president-elect stresses need for austerity

SANTO DOMINGO, Dominican Republic (R) - The selfproclaimed winner of presidential elections in the Dominican republic, Salvador Jorge Blanco, Tuesday prepared to form a cabinet after speaking of the need for belt-tightening to pull the country out of the doldrums.

Mr. Jorge Blanco of the ruling Revolutionary Party (PRD) said his victory trend, based on still incomplete results from Sunday's poll, was irreversible and added that all computer projections showed his party would also win complete control of the senate and chamber of deputies.

Mr. Jorge Blanco, 54, began preliminary talks with advisers on forming his cabinet after latest results issued by the election tribnnal showed that of 437.019 votes counted, 216,567 or 49.5 per cent of the total went to the PRD.

Seven parties or blocs took part in the elections for a president. vice-president, 27 senators, 120 deputies and a host of other minor

Gandhi faces test today

NEW DELHI (R) - Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's Ruling Congress (I) Party faces a mid-term test of popularity in elections for four state assemblies and seven central parliamentary seats Wednesday.

Mrs. Gandhi, who swept back to power for a five-year term in Jan. 1980, is up against stiff opposition in West Bengal state where the Marxists are expected to retain

Her party also faces a hard fight in southern Kerala state which bas been under central rule since a Congress (1) coalition administration was dissolved earlier this

The Congress (I) is the ruling party in the other two northern states where elections will be held

- Haryana and Himachal Prad-Although electioneering has

been generally free of violence. two opposition candidates in West Bengal are reported to bave been kidnapped by extremists and a third was missing.

Although Mrs. Gandhi will retain her commanding national parliamentary majority whatever the outcome of these elections. she is sensitive about the strong Marxist grip in West Bengal and

The contests in West Bengal and Kerala shape up almost as a direct encounter between Mrs. Gandhi and the Communists, each side accusing the other of being undemocratic.

Komsomol congress to attack Western influence on youth

MOSCOW (R) - Dire warnings of the corrupting influence of the Western way of life on Soviet youth will be sounded in Moscow this week at a congress of the Soviet Komsomol, the young Communist league.

In the build-up to the congress the Soviet press has made it clear that Kremlin ideologists are worried over the impact of Western taste and outlook on the younger

Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev is expected to make a major political speech when the four-yearly congress opens Tues-

This is likely to dominate press headlines bere, but delegates will probably pay more attention to a report by Boris Pastukhov, first secretary of the organisation, on the dangers facing Soviet youth both from inside the country and

Press reports regularly castigate Soviet youngsters for wearing Western-made jeans and T-shirts. chewing U.S.-made gum and dancing at Western-style discotheques "like witchdoctors," as one outraged Moscow newspaper

Somali minister critical of Libya

Egyptian, Canadian nuclear energy programme slated

a press conference.

BAHRAIN (R) — Saudi Arabian Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al

London admits 2 helicopters crashed during

preparations for recapture of South Georgia

Q.4 - Both vulnerable, as South you hold:

East has warned you that the

GOREN BRIDGE

♦K10543 ♥962 ♦74 **♦Q76** The bidding has proceeded: South Weat North East Pass 1 ◊ 2 ◊ 3 ◊

What do you bid now? A .- Partner has made the strongest takeout possible. While your hand might not rate a free bid after a takeout dnuble, you should act after a cue-bid-partner will know that you can't have much and that the opponents are trying lo keep you out of the auction. You must bid three spades. Indeed, we could make a convincing argument in favor of a jump to four spades were it not for the possibility that your partner

Q.5 - Both vulnerable, as South you hold: **↑**AKJ104 ♥ A985 ⊕ KJ5 **♣**8 Your right-hand opponent opens the bidding with one

diamond. What action do you

might have a heart-club two-

A .- Double. We would like your hand better if your minor suit holdings were reversed, but your hand is simply too good for a mere overcall. If partner responds in clubs, you have the values to correct to spades at the aame level, and the double reduces the chance that vour side might lose the heart

Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you huld: **♦J108752** ♥K976 ♦63 **♣**5 The bidding has proceeded North East South 1 0 Dble ?

achieved its purpose - you do not now have the room to ex-What action do you take? plore scientifically the poten-A .- We feel that there is no tial of the hand. We favor a need to let the double injump to six hearts, but we terfere with your normal aucwould not fault you if you tion on this holding. We Blackwooded and bid seven would simply bid one spade hearts if you found an adeand let nature take its quate number of aces and course. If you don't act now, kings in partner's hand. you won't be able to do so However, a grand slam could with any degree of safety be a risky venture because later.

LONDON 1R) — Two British helicopters crashed on South Georgia while the navy prepared for the assault that recaptured the island from Argentina last month, the ministry of defence has dis-

> Military sources said Monday the helicopters had been carrying special commandos on a reconnaisance mission. The crash was kept secret for

> more than three weeks and announced Monday after London newspapers learned of the story. South Georgia, a remote island

> east of the Falklands inhahited by many penguins and a few scientists, was seized by Argentina on April 3, the day after the cap

ture of the main Falklands group. The Royal Navy recaptured it on April 25.

The defence ministry said that the helicopters crashed on the island in a blizzard on April 22. The crews were rescued unhurt

by another helicopter. One helicopter was destroyed but the other may eventually be salvaged, the ministry said. Military sources said the

helicopters were carrying memhers of the special boat squadron. a highly trained and very secretive commando group, sent to spot Argentine positions on the island.

Their mission was successful in spite of the loss of the helicopters

island three days later a hloodless victory for Britain, the sources

The commandos' reconnaissance enabled navy ships to direct intense and accurate gunfire which pinned down Argentine defenders while British marines landed and took position.

The only casualty in the South Georgia operation was an Argentine sailor who lost a leg from injuries suffered when the submarine Santa Fe approached the port of Grytviken shortly before the British assault.

The loss of the two helicopters on South Georgia had been kept secret "for operational reasons", defence ministry spokesman lan

Judge cautions mercenary chief

against calling Pretoria security

officers as defence witnesses

PIETERMARITZBURG, South Africa (R) - Mercenary leader Mike Hoare said in court that government officials would be called to corroborate his charge that the South African government knew of his abortive coup attempt in the Sevchelles last November.

He is on trial with 42 other defendants accused of hijacking an Air India plane to South Africa after the attempt failed.

Col. Hoare told the Natal province supreme court here Monday an army intelligence official and a member of the National Intelligence Service (NIS) were to be called to give evidence for the

The defendant also said he told the 42 other accused, who were recruited for his coup attempt, that the government knew of the

> operation. "I remember at some stage telling them not to go running off to the National Intelligence Service because they knew all about it," he said.

Judge Neville James told Col. Hoare he was not aware the two officials would be giving evidence. He cautioned Col. Hoare it might be unwise to call the two men without being fairly confident, about what they would say.

Fraser's Seoul visit to underline good relations

By Allan Reditt

SEOUL (R) — Australian Prime Minister Malcolm Fraser's visit to South Korea this month underlines the importance of this Asian nation of nearly 39 million people in the market strategy ol Australian exporters. Described as nearly developed. South Korea is the seventh largest purchaser of Australian exports in the world and the third in Asia behind Japan and China. Diplomatic relations have been good since North Korea expelled members of Australia's Pyongvang mission in late 1975. after an eight month honeymoon when Canberra enjoyed the rare position of having accredited representatives in both Seoul and the northern Communist capital.

Diplomatic sources said Pyongyang had recently made fresh approaches in a bid to strengthen ties, which are technically described as interrupted.

But Canberra is still smarting over the expulsion, when its diplomats were bundled on to a train for Peking as the station's loudspeakers blasted them with diarribes against Australia. Canberra's attitude is that there can be no progress towards normalisation without a North Korean explanation of the reasons for the rift, which Australia assumes stemmed from Canberra's voting against a pro-North Korean resolution at the United

Australian missionaries have been active in Korea since the 1890s, but their vocal concern for human rights and the fate of South Korean dissidents has been tempered since student riots and the Kwangju uprising in 1980, when Australian dockers threatened to boycott Korean ships. Recently there was some fric-

tion when the Australian-North Korean friendship association headed by Joseph Waters was allowed to mount a display of photographs eulogising North Korean President Kim II Sung on his 70th birthday. But for President Chun Doo-

Hwan, Australia's statement that his peace proposal for reunification of the peninsula, divided since the end of World War II, had more merit than his northern rival's, has outweighed such minor irritations.

Canberra has also made clear that it will not renew diplomatic ties with the Communist North until Pyongyang begins a sensible dialogue with Seoul and lets some of its Communist allies such as China and the Soviet Union recognise South Korea.

On the trading side South Korea seems prepared reluctanly to accept the enormous imbalance in Australia's favour, the result of the apparently limitless need of Korean manufacturers for Australian raw materials and the

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small Australian market for South Korean goods.

Australia is the fifth largest supplier of goods in value terms to the Korean market, behind Japan. the United States and major oil producers Saudi Arabia and

It increased its total share of South Korea's import market by half a percentage point in 1981 to 3.5 per cent, while the value of trade soared to \$910 million last year from \$680 million in 1980.

Australia is South Korea's biggest supplier of coking coal, raw sugar, industrial salt, wook

iron ore and beef for local con-

"The trade balance is three to one in our favour at the moment," an Australian spokesman said. "It is hasically up to the Koreans to develop their own market in Australia." Australian exports of coking

coal to South Korea's Pohang Iron

and Steel Company (POSCO)

were worth \$181.5 million last year, nearly \$56 million more than The spokesman said "over the next four or five years about 70 per cent of KEPCO's (the Korean Electric Power Company) steam-

ing coal will also come from

Australia "

"Next year, all being well, Australia will start supplying uranium for South Korea's nuclear power plants," he added. South Korea is expected to raise with Mr. Fraser its concern at the disruption of its coal supplies due

bottlenecks at the coaling ports of newcastle and Port Kembla, diplomatic sources said. This has forced South Korea to -buy steaming coal from South Africa in the spot market where

to labour unrest and subsequent

the price is cheaper. Australia also has the monopoly

of beef supplies at the moment. After import restrictions were relaxed last year Australia saw the value of its meat trade soar to \$76.8 million from \$10.4 million in 1980.

"There is a lobby against imported beef in South Korea but they just can't produce enough locally and Australia can," the Australian spokesman said.

Australia's great hope is that South Korea will implement its announced policy of diversifying its rice and wheat purchases, currently an exclusive U.S. preserve. Australia's first ever rice sale was fo 120,000 tonnes to help South Korea meet shortfalls in its disastrous 19gt)-g1 season. South Korea's exports to

Australia in 1981 were worth \$294 million up \$64 million from 1980. Tyres, televisions, iron and steel, synthetic yarn, clothes and toys were the main items but South Korea would dearly like to win some ship orders.

Despite occasional problems. Mr. Fraser will find bilateral relations have a solid base. South Koreans remember that 278 Australians died figbting their battle against the Communist North Koreans and Chinese in the 1950-53 Korean War.

Kaddoumi to visit Washington in June DAMASCUS (R) — The Palestine Liberation Organisation

MIDDLE

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BRIEFS

(PLO) Political Department head Farouk Kaddoumi, is scheduled to visit Washington next month at the invitation of members of the U.S. Congress, high-ranking Palestinian officials said. They said the invitation was extended to Mr. Kaddoumi by Lee Hamilton, head of the Middle East branch in the U.S. Congress Foreign Relations Committee. The sources said that the Palestinian official is expected to meet Foreign Relations Committee Chairman Charles Percy and other members of the congress. The sources would not give the exact day of the visit hut said it would be around

Soviet experts to return to Egypt

the middle of June.

CAIRO (R) - A group of Soviet civilian experts will arrive here soon to resume work at a Sovietbuilt steel complex south of Cairo, Egyptian Minister of Industry Fuad Ahu Zaghla said Tuesday. Industry sources here said the group of 30 men was expected to arrive in July and was the first to replace some of the 1,600 Soviet experts expelled by the late president Anwar Sadat last September. Earlier this year, Egypt invited back 66 Soviet civilian experts to continue work on Soviet-built industrial projects. The move was seen by Western diplomats here as an indication of a possible thaw in Catro's relations with Moscow.

BAHRAIN (R) — Somali Fore-ign Minister Abdirahman Jama Barre was quoted Tuesday as saying Libya was plotting with the Soviet Union to subvert Afro-Arab relations and further the Kremlin's regional aims. Mr. Barre said Libyan leader Col. Muammar Qadhafi was working with Moscow and the Marxist government in Ethiopia to change the character of the Red Sea and make it non-Arab. He made his comments in an interview with the Saudi newspaper Okaz and summarised by the official Saudi Press Agency. Somalia has had close links with Saudi Arabia since it fought an unsuccessful war with Ethiopia over the disputed Ogaden desert in south-eastern Ethiopia three years ago.

OTTAWA (R) — Egypt and Canada have signed a nuclear energy agreement that could lead to the sale of Canadian uranium. and eventually reactors, to Egypt for its nuclear power programme. Energy Ministers Maher Abaza of Egypt and Marc Lalonde of Canada signed the accord on the peaceful uses of nuclear energy and set up a committee to discuss the next step in cooperation. They said talks on the sale of a Canadian heavy water reactor for Egypt's planned 8,000 megawatt nuclear power programme were several years away. But Mr. Abaza said Cairo might need Caoadian uranium for the first two lightwater nuclear plants now being negotiated with France. Canada may also be able to help Egypt in related fields such as conservation of energy in industry, which accounts for 65 per cent of Egypt's energy consumption, solar energy and wind power, the ministers told

Faisal arrives in Bahrain

Faisal arrived in Bahrain Tuesday for a visit during which he may try to mediate in a territorial dispute hetween this Gulf island state and nearby Qaiar. The Kuwaiti newspaper Al Anba reported Monday that Prince Saud was aiming to settle the decades-long dispute over the Bahrain-controlled Hawar islands just off the west coast of

